

# Jacksonville Republican

"ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY."

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1894.

VOLUME 56.

## IN THE TOWN

Items too Small For a Separate Head.

What the People of Jacksonville and Vicinity are doing—Condensed into Crisp Paragraphs.

Apple trees are blossoming again.

The gardens have about all been replanted.

Cherries were not killed during the recent freeze.

Mayor Brock, of Piedmont, was in the city Friday.

Hurrah for the Militia—all of them are Democrats.

Col. John H. Caldwell returned from a visit to Montgomery on Sunday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher McGinnis, on Saturday, March 31, a boy.

Miss Emma Francis, of Cane Creek, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. T. Martin.

Mrs. Geo. P. Cason, of Anniston, is visiting her parents, Capt. and Mrs. W. M. Hames.

Mr. A. D. Glass will occupy the house recently vacated by the family of General Forney.

Young Stovall gave bail in the sum of \$600 on Wednesday and is a free man for the time being.

The protracted meeting at the Methodist church is being carried on with zeal by Rev. Mr. Leslie.

The joyous spring is here but the spring poetry contributed was consigned to the fire and the poets kicked down stairs. Our cartoonist is out of town.

Mrs. F. A. Weems, Jr., returned to Rome Monday after a week's visit to relatives. Mrs. Weems is pretty and agreeable and made many friends among the young people of Jacksonville.

Rev. F. T. J. Brandon, presiding elder of the Gadsden District, visited relatives here during the week, and on Tuesday night preached an eloquent sermon at the Methodist church.

Mrs. Richard Baker and Miss Fannie Forney, daughters of the late General W. H. Forney, departed Thursday to join their mother in Baltimore, where they will reside in future.

The demented fourteen year old son of Mr. Galehore, who wandered away from his home in Choctaw valley was found Wednesday morning with the assistance of blood hounds. The dogs were put on the trail about 8 o'clock and kept it for about six miles finding the boy an hour later some four miles from Jacksonville.

All the teachers of the county are here attending the teachers' institute now in session in the courthouse. The faculty and pupils of the State Normal College are attending. The session will be doubly interesting as the Hundley Amendment in all its details is to be discussed by the ablest educators in the county.

Saturday morning last the house of Mr. Grant just below the Iron Queen hotel caught on fire and was saved only by the prompt action of the fire companies. A large sized hole was burned in the roof before the fire could be extinguished. The house was being put in order in expectation of Mr. Grant's return from Florida and it is supposed that sparks from the chimney caught on the roof.

Col. A. Rowell, one of the most prominent farmers and mill men of Cleburne county, was in the city on Saturday last. He is a great traveler and has friends all the way from the Atlantic seaboard to the Rio Grande. Though his hair has changed from black to snowy white he is yet a lover of thoroughbred horses and an ardent admirer of pretty women.

The city election on Monday passed off quietly and very little interest was manifested in the result, as all the candidates were

good men—men who would look well after the town's interests. Mayor Arnold had no opposition for reelection. The councilmen for the following year are: T. R. Ward, A. L. Stewart, Jno. M. Crook, W. H. Dean, S. D. G. Brothers, John Y. Henderson.

Mr. T. Math Alexander made his friends here a pleasant visit last Sunday. Mr. Alexander has been doing local work on the Jacksonville Republican during the absence of Mr. Grant, and the readers of that old reliable paper have been much pleased with the vast amount of interesting matter that has issued from week to week from the pen of Mr. Alexander.

Hon. L. W. Grant, a prominent journalist of Alabama, on the return of himself and wife from a three month's visit to South Florida, spent two days with Dr. W. J. Scott and family, on Currier street. Mr. Grant was for eight years a member of the Alabama senate. Mrs. Grant is a daughter of the late Chancellor Foster of Alabama, and a niece of our fellow citizen, Dr. Scott. Mr. Grant thinks Atlanta one of the most progressive cities of the union.—Atlanta Constitution.

The commissioners have awarded to W. E. Robertson, of Anniston, the contract for building a bridge across Terrapin creek on the Calhoun and Cherokee county line. Mr. Robertson's bid was \$1068. The bridge will be twelve feet wide and have a hundred foot span and will be paid for equally by the two counties. The site is two miles from Piedmont and will be a great convenience to that section and an advantage to the whole county.

The Jacksonville detachment of the Woodstock Guards held an enthusiastic meeting Tuesday night and received eight new members, giving it a total of forty-one. When Capt. McKleroy heard of it he wrote to Lieut. Forney, who has command of the detachment, telling him to consider no more applications as this addition gives the Guards a roster of a hundred men all that is allowed by the State. The Jacksonville detachment has secured an armory and accoutrements, ordered uniforms and is booming.

The boys of the State Normal School April Fooled the faculty in fine style Tuesday. April 1st falling on Sunday and Monday being a regular holiday, Tuesday had to be utilized as All Fools' Day or a year's fun foregone. At the morning recess every boy but one ran off the grounds as fast as his legs would carry him, and were seen no more that day. The reason for the one exception was that he thought if the young ladies smiled on any boy that day he would be the boy—and we've no doubt the young ladies smile occasionally. Some how a fine string of fish found their way to President Forney, anyway, the miscreants were not punished.

There seems to be a consensus of opinion that our present efficient county superintendent of education should be his own successor. During his term of office, Mr. Miller has given his entire time and attention to the discharge of his duties as superintendent; the result of which has been a general educational awakening among the people, especially in the rural communities. None of his predecessors have filled the position more ably, more intelligently, or more satisfactorily than he; and, as it is but right and Democratic that his administration should be indorsed. The Hot Blast hopes to see him re-nominated by acclamation and re-elected by an overwhelming majority.—Hot Blast.

## MORGAN IN ALABAMA.

Senator Morgan has made appointments to speak in Alabama as follows: Opelika, Friday, April 20th; Montgomery, Saturday, April 21st; Birmingham, Monday, April 23rd. On Tuesday April 24th he will address the Commercial convention at Birmingham.

## ABOUT CAPT. JOHNSTON.

A FRIEND ASKS SPACE IN THE REPUBLICAN FOR A FEW EXPRESSIONS.

The following are the expressions of a few of the many persons and papers who prefer Capt. Joseph F. Johnston for governor:

Hon. A. J. Cumbee, probate judge of Tallapoosa county says: Johnston made a telling speech here yesterday. He held a large and appreciative audience for two hours and was only interrupted by cheers. His speech was Democratic to the core. When the convention meets in May Capt. Johnston will see a delegation there from Tallapoosa to help push forward to victory the candidate of the Magic city.

The people think that Johnston cheerfully gave way when he was leading in the convention for the sake of harmony and they want to reward him. He is a blackbelt democrat and knows what is needed. Selma's choice is our choice.—West Alabamian.

Hundreds of men in Lee county are convinced that Capt. Johnston is the man to nominate. They think he will come nearer harmonizing things than any other man.—Opelika News.

No man in Alabama more richly deserves to be honored and recognized by the party than Capt. Joseph F. Johnston. He has been firm and unflinching in his fidelity.—Oneonta News-Dispatch.

From recent developments it will be seen that Mr. Johnston is making no small showing in the race for the nomination as Democratic candidate for Governor. In fact, during the past few days, Mr. Johnston has had a decided boom.—Scottsboro Progressive Age.

There is no better democrat in the state than Capt. Johnston; and he is also well fitted for the Democratic nomination. The Captain is one of the shrewdest of politicians and the man who beats him will be Governor.—Bibb County News.

A clean record, personal and political, remarkable financial ability, combined with the strictest integrity, fairness toward opponents as friends, straight-forward construction of platform pledges and a firm resolution to abide by them. Read Joe Johnston's record.—Tuskegee News.

If there are any people in the state that should enthusiastically support Capt. Johnston for the Democratic nomination for Governor it is the people of Walker county.—Jasper Eagle.

I am for the red-headed hero of Birmingham who has four yankee bullets in his body.—Selma Times.

A. C. Frederick, tax collector of Franklin county, says that he has been in every portion of his county recently and that the democrats of old Franklin are almost a unit for Johnston for Governor.—Sheffield Standard.

The Enquirer honestly believes that such a campaigner as Capt. Johnston will do more to break up Kolbism in Alabama than any other man that the democrats in Alabama can nominate.—Alabama Enquirer.

The strong and ever growing Johnston-Morgan procession moves quietly and steadily on.—Randolph Leader.

Johnston's silver views, taken in connection with his past useful democratic record and together with his stainless character makes him a veritable Colossus in the race for the highest office in the gift of the people of Alabama.—Laverne Democrat.

The red-headed hero of Birmingham is undoubtedly the man to lead the people to victory next August. Johnston has a strong hold on the people of this section.—Blount County Democrat.

Captain Johnston's availability to head the Democratic ticket grows more apparent every day, and will grow until the convention meets.—Ala. Enquirer.

The friends of Capt. Johnston

believe him to be the strongest man the democrats can nominate for the Governorship.—Florence Times.

Our soliciting agent in Lee, Chambers, Randolph, Tallapoosa, Clay, Macon and parts of Russell writes us that the choice for Governor is 10 to 1 in favor of Johnston.—Opelika News.

Captain Johnston, by his visit and his speech made friends for himself and the Democratic party.—Lafayette Sun.

Captain Johnston wishes to be Governor that he may, in his own words "do something to direct the flow of men and money into Alabama that will develop our resources, increase the value of our land and restore peace and concord to our people."—Randolph Leader.

There is no question about it, the nomination and election of Captain Johnston to be Governor of Alabama would be a great help to immigration, and induce men of capital to come this way.—Oneonta News-Dispatch.

The above contains only a few lines taken from articles published by the different papers but it shows a ground swell for Johnston.—JACKSONVILLE CITIZEN.

## STATES S. S. CONVENTION.

We are in receipt of the program of the twelfth session of the Alabama State Sunday School Convention, to be held in Montgomery on April 16, 17, and 18. The program embraces talks, lectures, essays, etc., by the enthusiastic Sunday school workers of the state and our ablest men, in addition to the regular business.

Attached to the program is the following information regarding the convention:

All county and district conventions and all Sunday schools are invited and specially requested to send delegates.

Special rates will be given by all railroads in the state. When purchasing your tickets don't fail to get certificates from railroad agents, and take them to Montgomery with you.

Please call attention of all Sunday school workers to the convention, and let there be a large attendance.

Pledges made at Opelika convention last year are now due and should be remitted to Wm. A. Davis, Treasurer, Anniston, Ala.

Every person intending to be present should forward their name at once to Col. A. B. Garland, chairman of committee on Entertainment, at Montgomery, Ala. Please do not overlook this very important matter.

## A PIEDMONT EPISODE.

ROMANTIC GRETA GREEN AFFAIR IN THAT CITY.

On last Sunday when the down train on the E. T. & G. R. R. arrived, a stranger, who looked to be about fifty years old, alighted, and was met by a woman considerably younger.

They immediately went for a stroll up Centre Avenue. The people, living on that street, looking out, and seeing a couple, under an umbrella—for it was raining, leisurely walking, and intently talking, began to wonder.

"They are sweethearts," said one.

"They must be courting," said another, "for no man would be so interested in his wife, and so oblivious to all surroundings."

"He looks like he might be her father," said another, "with that grey beard. But he wouldn't be exerting himself so much to entertain a daughter."

Centre Avenue therefore kept its eye on them. They returned to the depot, and leaving her, he hurried off for a license, sure enough, with all the boys following after.

When the license was procured he returned, and escorted her triumphantly to Esq. Tomlin's, where they were quickly made one, which one, this deponent saith not.

The name of the groom was Russell, and he hailed from Rome, while the name of the bride was Presswood. They departed on the north bound train, having treated Piedmont to a sensational wedding.

## EDITORIAL NOTES

The Republican Will Support the Nominee

Of the Party Whichever it May Be.—Hot Shot Reserved For the Enemies of the Party.

They have been having a parrot and monkey time in South Carolina. The whiskey dispensary law in that state has been unpopular from the date of its enactment. Gov. Tillman found it difficult to enforce an unpopular law. He made the mistake of employing spies and informers and a body of constables who made themselves obnoxious. When these men assumed the right to search private houses for contraband whiskey, the patience of the people became exhausted and the citizens of three counties met and solemnly resolved that every man's house was his castle and that they would forcibly resist the invasion of their homes.

At Darlington a body of constables appeared at this juncture and a fight arose between constables and citizens, in which two citizens and one constable were killed and several wounded on either side. Gov. Tillman ordered out the military of Columbia and Charleston and other points to go to Darlington; but the military threw down their arms and refused to go. They declared they would not shoot down their friends and fellow citizens in the protection of a lot of murderers, as they termed the constables. Tillman declared the situation to be the old political fight over again and called on his "friends" in the country to come to his relief. They did, and were given the guns of the military. Intense excitement prevailed and bloodshed was imminent for days. Tillman seized the railroads and telegraph lines throughout the state and virtually declared martial law. His new companies went to Darlington and found all quiet, the constables having fled. Thus the matter rests. Tillman has taken charge of the entire police force of the state and declares he will enforce the dispensary law. Meantime a resolution has been introduced in Congress enquiring as to his seizure of the railroads and telegraph lines. The state is resting on a volcano and the gravest trouble may arise at any time. In its present shape it appears to be a fight of the country against the towns and cities—the reformers against the opponents of Tillman's administration.

On a vote in the House to pass the seigniorage bill over the President's veto there were yeas 144, nays 114. The bill failed for want of the required two-thirds majority.

The Alabama delegation voted as follows:

Those voting to override the President's veto were Messrs. Bankhead, Clarke, Cobb, Oates, Robbins, Wheeler and Stallings.

Mr. Turpin voted to sustain the veto and Mr. Denson was paired with Mr. Woomer who would have voted to sustain the veto.

Of those voting to override the veto there were 118 Democrats; 18 Republicans and 8 Populists.

Of those voting to sustain the veto there were 48 Democrats from the Middle and Eastern States and 7 Democrats from the South, and 59 Republicans. 172 votes were necessary to pass the bill over the veto. Only 144 were secured, or 28 less than the required number.

Hon. Frank P. O'Brien, of Birmingham has withdrawn from the race for Congress, in the interest of party harmony.

porters will follow their fine example.

The interests of the Democratic party are far above those of any individual in the State, and it is important that such a state of feeling should be preserved that the rank and file of the party may be in position to yield to the successful candidate a hearty and ungrudging support. This is essential to party success.

W. J. Johnson, a prominent farmer of Elmore county, S. D. Glaze one of the County Commissioners of Limestone county and Wm. Bangle, another prominent citizen of the same county, have openly repudiated Kolb since the exposure of his sale of the electoral vote of the State to Harrison and his more recent dike with New England Republicans for money in exchange for his support of a protective tariff which robs the farmer for the benefit of the rich Eastern manufacturers. These are only samples of many. They do not intend to follow Kolb into the Republican party, whether he is bound as fast as time and events can carry him.

Col. Oates has many appointments out in the State, beginning with April 9th. He will be also at the Confederate Reunion in Birmingham, but will not speak. He will likely remain in the State until after the county conventions in May.

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## "Measures, not men."

## MILITARY MATTERS.

The military company is booming and the organization will soon be the pride of the town.

The company received eight new members at the meeting held Monday night. No more men will be received as the Guards now have their full quota of 100 men.

The detachment has rented the large hall in the Rowan block and converted it into an elegant armory. It is furnished with chairs, lamps, gun racks, tables, etc., and open to the company. No company in the state has more elegant quarters.

Captain Forney is a model commanding officer, having had several years' experience as such.

Eighteen guns have been received and the others will follow as soon as they can be procured from the government. Nightly drills are in progress.

The uniforms have been ordered from New York contractors, and in a month the company will be fully uniformed and our girls' hearts gladdened by the sight of Jacksonville soldier boys with brass buttons.

It is understood that Col. Oates will return to the State later on and resume his canvass; but it is improbable that the two gentlemen will meet in joint debate.

It is to be hoped they will continue to bear that chivalric and courteous relation to each other that has existed up to the present time, and that their respective sup-

## SYMPATHIZE WITH THE COL.

The following from the Jacksonville Republican will account for any gloom that may be observed playing over the handsome features of Col. Ed. Caldwell. "Bessie, the beloved cow of the Arcadia Dairy Farm is dead! She was a gentle cow and well liked by her sad-eyed associates. She has been ailing for some time from obesity, and in a state of temporary aberration, she took freely of mountain rye and immediately kicked the bucket. This grand old cow was purchased sometime ago by Deputy Sheriff John Rowland and Den Privett for 25 cents and presented to Farmer Caldwell as a token of their love and esteem. It is sad to die in the spring time, so the poets all say."

The above will be read with profound sorrow in Selma, where Lieut. Col. E. G. Caldwell is known so well, and many a military man will shed a tear over the untimely death of Bessie.—Selma Times.

## JONES WANTED IT

Governor Jones' desire for a contest law is well known. He not only recommended it, but worked for it. Senator Ansell, of Mobile, is out in a card, in which he refers to Kolb's late utterances on the subject, and says that while the bill was pending in the senate, he went to see Gov. Jones who was sick and told him that he opposed it, and the Governor urged him to support a contest law. Nobody who ever talked with the Governor ever doubted where he stood. Senator Ansell is one of those men who will never see a Democrat attacked without cause.—Montgomery Advertiser.

## WHEN WILL IT MEET?

When will there be a meeting of the County Executive Committee? It should be soon, as the primaries are to be held only a month hence. It is rumored that there will be an attempt in the committee to fix the basis of representation on the vote cast for Cleveland rather than on the basis of population as fixed by the State Convention. This would be manifestly unfair to the country beats; and we have no idea the committee will do such a thing; but there ought to be a meeting in order that public apprehension in this regard may be quieted and party harmony promoted. We hope no attempt even will be made to alter the basis of representation as fixed by the State Convention.

## ATTENTION CAMP MARTIN.

There will be a meeting of the members of Camp Martin, U. C. V. at the court house in Jacksonville, Saturday April 14th, at 2 o'clock P. M. Business of importance is to be transacted, in view of the great meeting at Birmingham, and a full attendance is desired.

JNO. H. CALDWELL, Commander.  
L. W. GRANT, Adjutant.

## MORE THAN HE WANTED TO KNOW.

She was very pretty and she was stylishly clad, and she occupied a whole seat by herself.

He was a drummer, and he thought himself irresistible. He was fond of a little flirtation.

His "discriminating eye soon" detected the presence of the handsome and stylish girl, and his feet soon carried him to her proximity.

He indicated with a slight wave of the hand the vacant seat by her side, as he remarked, in his blandest tone:

"I beg your pardon, but is this seat engaged?"

The maiden surveyed him from head to foot, and then said, with dignity, to which her snapping eyes added emphasis:

"No, the seat isn't engaged, but I am!"

He sat elsewhere.—Pittsburg Chronicle.







## GATHERING OF VETERANS

### A GREAT REUNION OF OLD CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS AT BIRMINGHAM

Birmingham, Ala., April 2.—The largest gathering of ex-Confederate soldiers held since the war will be the fourth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans Association, which convenes in Birmingham on Wednesday and Thursday, April 25 and 26.

Birmingham has prepared to receive and entertain from forty to fifty thousand visitors during the reunion, and there is now every indication that fully that number will be here. There are now 470 camps in the association, with applications on file for nearly one hundred more. The following is a list of camps by states: North Carolina 28; Florida 26; Georgia 21; Tennessee 17; South Carolina 14; Virginia 10; Oklahoma 4; Missouri 3; Indian Territory 2; Illinois 2; District of Columbia 1; West Virginia 1. Each of these camps will send to the reunion delegates ranging from six to one hundred in number, in proportion to the membership of the camp. Besides thousands of old soldiers who are not delegates will come as visitors.

The prettiest feature of the reunion will be the series of tableaux in which each of the Southern states will have as its representative the most beautiful young unmarried lady in its borders, preparations for this having been made on imposing scale.

The beauties who have been selected, and the states they will represent are: Virginia, Miss Lizzie Clark, of Newport News; Maryland, Miss Montague, of Washington; North Carolina, Miss Kate Cantwell, of Wilmington; South Carolina, Miss Adele Irvine Mayne, of Greenville; Georgia, Miss McDougal, of Columbus; Tennessee, Miss Adele McMurray, of Nashville; Kentucky, Miss Elenora Graves, of Lexington; Missouri, Miss Katherine Turner, of Columbia; Arkansas, Miss Lillie McGee, of Van Buren; Texas, Miss Mary M. Banks, of Houston; Louisiana, Miss Adele Vinson, of Shreveport; Florida, Miss Elizabeth Pasco, of Monticello; Alabama, Miss Carrie Toney Cochran, of Eufaula; Mississippi, Miss Lizzie Mitchell, of Jackson.

These young ladies personate the south in this series of scenes:

First—The states are on the stage of the "Winnie Davis Wigwam," specially constructed for this occasion. Each young lady holds a banner on which is worked a coat of arms of her state. The time is the fall of 1860, and the states are excited over the election news, when a messenger comes in with the announcement that Lincoln has been chosen president. Thereupon South Carolina steps to the front of the stage, declaring that she will resist. The other states show alarm, and are in doubt what to do, when Mississippi steps to South Carolina's side, followed by Florida, and after that, Alabama. Then the other states advance in the order of their secession. When all are come to the front the states group themselves about Virginia, and the curtain falls to the music of "Dixie."

Second (time, after Gettysburg)—The eleven states are seen dressed in black, knitting and working for the soldiers.

Third (time, after the war)—Now Maryland, Missouri and Kentucky appear in Greek costumes. The tableaux is "The Solid South." It concludes with a representation of the Blue and the Gray clasping arms about, with a "Columbia" statue above the legend, "United We Stand." This scene is designed to leave no imputation of disloyalty in what has gone before.

If anything else is needed to disarm criticism, it might be stated that Mrs. U. S. Grant, as well as Mrs. Jefferson Davis, has been invited to attend the reunion. The reunion was originally to have been held last July, but was postponed until April of this year on account of the stringency of the times. At that time Mrs. Grant was invited to attend, in a touching and patriotic letter, written by the commander of Camp Hardee, the local organization of veterans. She declined on account of the fatigue of making such a trip. Her letter, among other things, said: "General Grant was conscious of a

generally friendly feeling toward himself in the breasts of the Confederate soldiers, and your unanimous resolution evinces that his belief was well founded." Her letter closed with thanks to the camp for the honor done her.

Recently the invitation was renewed, when Mrs. Grant sent the following telegram:

San Diego, Cal., March 21. Captain R. E. Jones, Commander Camp Hardee, United Confederate Veterans, Birmingham, Ala. I feel greatly complimented by renewal of invitation to attend reunion. Being so far away, I beg you will convey my compliments and sincere regrets.

—Julia D. Grant. Mrs. Jefferson Davis and her daughter, Miss Winnie, have both been invited to the reunion, and are expected to attend. A special committee of Sons of Confederate Veterans will be sent to New York to accompany these two distinguished ladies to Birmingham if they desire to come.

Never before have the Confederate Veterans prepared to revive memories of the lost cause on a more dignified and impressive scale. Camp Hardee has erected the Winnie Davis Wigwam on First Avenue and Twenty-third street, with a seating capacity of 10,000. It will be covered in a sea of gorgeous bunting, and the stars and bars will be floating alike everywhere. Business houses have prepared for a general holiday, and the hotels and private residences have arranged to accommodate thousands. Texas alone expects to send 10,000 boys who wore the gray. All the distinguished ex-Confederate generals now living, including Gen. John B. Gordon, Gen. Wade Hampton, General Stephen D. Lee, Gen. W. L. Cabell, Gen. Longstreet, Gen. Stewart and others will be here.

The matter of publishing a Southern School History which will tell of the war according to the Southern ideas, will be one of the most important questions for consideration. The historical committee will meet here on April 23, two days before the reunion, to take this matter in hand, and outline plans for publication of such a work.

Another important matter will be the organization of a national association of Sons of Confederate Veterans. Camps of this kind have been organized in several Alabama cities, and the movement promises to be a success and embrace a large membership.

At a meeting of the ladies of Birmingham, held recently for the purpose of cooperating with the veterans in preparing for the reunion it was suggested that a national organization of the Daughters of Confederates be formed. This too will be done at the reunion. On the opening day of the reunion there will be a monster parade through the city. As the railroads have made low rates thousands of veterans will come to Birmingham, and be in line in what will be the biggest gathering of ex-Confederate soldiers since the war. Addresses will be made by visiting commanders, and memories of the war revived from a southern standpoint. Governor Jones and Senator Morgan will both be present to welcome the veterans to Alabama. A grand chorus of school children will join in.

A feature of the day will be the laying by General Gordon of the corner stone of a Confederate monument in Capital Park in the presence of the vast throng. The movement to build this monument was recently begun by the Daily News of this city, and its success is already assured.

The United Confederate Veterans were organized only four years ago. Its avowed purpose is strictly social, literary, historical and benevolent. According to its constitution, the object of its existence is to unite in a general federation all associations of Confederate veterans—soldiers and sailors now or hereafter to be formed; to gather authentic data for an impartial history of the war between the states; to preserve relics and mementoes, and to cherish the ties of friendship that should exist among men who have shared common dangers, sufferings and privations. No organization in the south has prospered or grown more than this.

It is proposed to make New Orleans permanent headquarters, and to meet there every other year, the other meeting to be held alternately in off years east and west of the Mississippi river. Birmingham, a city of 50,000 in

habitants, proposes to give the old veterans a royal welcome. Camp Hardee will act as host to the visiting thousands, and everything will be done to make the occasion a glorious one.

## PREMIUMS

The Buggies and Carts shown below are the Cheapest and Best for the money ever offered.

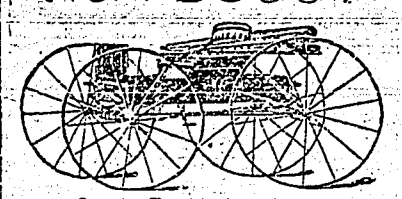
The reason of these low prices is not because they are thrown together or made of poor material, but because the benefit of the jobber and the wholesale dealer's profit which is always large, is given to our subscribers.

These vehicles are shipped to you direct from the factory at factory prices, and they are guaranteed and warranted just as described.

READ OUR OFFERS BELOW

WE PAY THE FREIGHT.

### No. 1 BUGGY

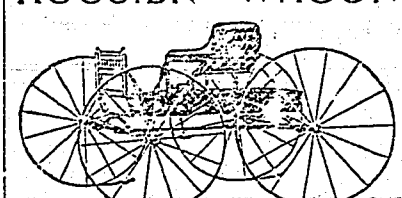


Regular Track, 4 feet 5 inches. Furnished complete with the following: TOP—Full rubber, 3-bows, full lined. TRIMMINGS—Green cloth, with wing biscuit cushion. SIDE CURTAINS—Rubber, with green back. PIANO BODY—25 x 50 inches. SPRINGS—Tempered and warranted. AXLES—Fifteen-sixteenths steel, fan-tail and beveled. WHEELS—Savage's patent, with 32 tire. PAINTING—E. dy. black; pearline. Brewster green, striped with fine single line. SPEAKERS—Wet iron. Curved, Carpet and Wrench. We will give this Buggy, freight paid to nearest railroad depot, to any one sending us 40 new paid-up yearly subscriptions and \$25.00 in cash; or for 30 new paid-up yearly subscriptions and \$50.00 in cash; or we will sell it outright to a subscriber only for \$50.00 cash, railroad freight paid.

This Buggy will easily retail for \$100 and will give perfect satisfaction.

OUR NO. 1

### HOOSIER WAGON



Body, 52 inches long, 36 inches wide, painted black or natural wood finish; hardwood dashboard, line rail or patent leather dash trimmings, heavy enameled duck weight, 55 lbs.; shipping weight, 550 lbs. capacity, 60 lbs. gear, 1 inch double collar steel axle oil tempered springs, 5 1/2 inch oval-edge steel tire, 60 x 100 inch bolted wheels, 4 feet 4 inches and 3 feet 8 inches; paint, dark green, carmine or grained.

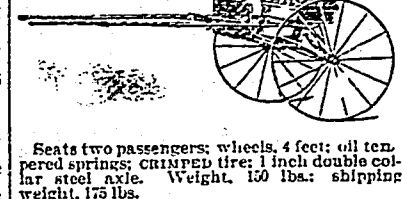
Our No. 1 HOOSIER WAGON will be given, railroad freight prepaid, to any one sending us 40 new paid-up yearly subscriptions and \$25.00 in cash; or 30 new paid-up yearly subscriptions and \$50.00 in cash; or we will sell it to a subscriber, railroad freight prepaid, for \$240.00.

No. 11A.

### THE VILLA

### OR

### PHRETON CART

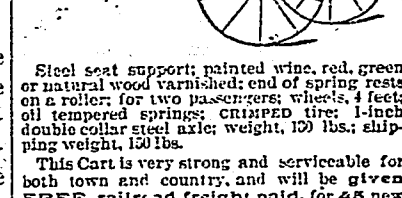


Seats two passengers; wheels, 4 feet; 10 tempered springs; canvas top; 1 inch double collar steel axle; weight, 120 lbs.; shipping weight, 175 lbs.

The Villa Cart is a very useful vehicle for either town or country, and will be given, railroad freight prepaid, to any one sending us 40 new paid-up yearly subscriptions and \$25.00 in cash; or for 30 new paid-up yearly subscriptions and \$50.00 in cash; or we will sell it to a subscriber for \$120.00 cash, railroad freight paid.

### BALL BEARING

### ROAD CART



Steel seat support; painted wire, red, green or natural wood finish; end of spring rests on a roller for two passengers; wheels, 4 feet; 10 tempered springs; canvas top; 1 inch double collar steel axle; weight, 120 lbs.; shipping weight, 175 lbs.

This Cart is very strong and serviceable for both town and country, and will be given, railroad freight prepaid, to any one sending us 40 new paid-up yearly subscriptions and \$25.00 in cash; or for 30 new paid-up yearly subscriptions and \$50.00 in cash; or we will sell it to a subscriber for \$120.00 cash, railroad freight paid.

Remember, railroad freight from factory is prepaid on all of the above offers.

If POLES are required extra, they will be shipped, freight prepaid, complete with necks and whiffles, for \$12.00 net. CHAIRS only are supplied at above prices with Buggies and Carts.

The current to pay freight, extends only to stations EAST of the Rocky Mountains.

The authorship of the name Southern Confederacy has been, we believe, given to W. Gilmore Simms, L. L. D., of South Carolina, who first used the phrase.

IS ESSENTIAL TO HEALTH.

You cannot hope to be well if your blood is impure.

If you are troubled with

BOILS, ULCERS OR PIMPLES, SORES

Your blood is bad. A few bottles of S. S. S. will thoroughly cleanse the system, remove all impurities and build you up. All manner of blood diseases cured.

CLEARED AWAY

By its use, it is the best remedy on earth. Thousands who have used it say so.

It is a blood purifier, and it gets to the very source of the disease, and cleanses the system of all impurities. It is a blood purifier, and it gets to the very source of the disease, and cleanses the system of all impurities.

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## REPUBLICAN JOB OFFICE

Is the place to get your work executed. Beautiful type, faces, Gordon presses (2), and capable printers enable us to turn out splendid work. Letter heads, note heads, bill heads, programmes, blanks, invitations, and all classes of printing done in original and tasty designs. We work cheap. Give us a call or write for samples.

Jacksonville, Fla.

Established 30 Years

H. A. SMITH

ROME, GEORGIA

Wholesale and Retail

Bookseller and

Music Dealer.

JUST received a magnificent line of books, day books, Combs and Brush sets, Work-books, Writing Desk, Ball sets for Ladies and Gentlemen, Plush and Morocco Bound Bibles and Autographs, Albums, Posters, Standard Juvenile and Gift Books, Scrap Book, Bible, Prayer and Hymn Books, Pictures, Engravings, Vases, Broom, Games, Dolls, Toys, Fancy Stationery in Plush Boxes and a great variety for Christmas, Birthday and Wedding Presents.

Plains and Organs from different manufacturers, for Cash or installment plan, at low prices.

5000 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER

and Borders, at greatly reduced prices. Samples sent on application.

THE WILMER

W. A. CAKE, MANAGER.

COR. 10TH AND WILMER STS.

ANNISTON, ALA.

Mr. Camp invites the public throughout the county to stop with him and will treat them right. Rates—\$2.00 a day.

Fire Insurance.

B. H. DENMAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

Represents the most prominent companies in the United States.

WILL T. MORTON

County Surveyor.

JACKSONVILLE, - - ALABAMA

H. L. Stevenson, Jacksonville, Ala.

A. P. Adee, Anniston, Ala.

STEVENSON & ADEE,

Attorneys at Law

And Solicitors in Chancery.

Special attention paid to collections.

Justice of the Peace.

OFFICE in the store of A. L. Higginbottom, Oxford, Ala.

Courts Second Monday in each month. Marriage license kept on hand at all times.

B. W. WRENN, JR.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COMMERCIAL LAW A SPECIALTY. ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Probate Court Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

H. L. Stevenson, Adm'r,

Heirs of W. H. Forney, dec'd.

In Probate Court Calhoun county, Special Term, March 27th 1894.

This day came H. L. Stevenson, the administrator of the estate of W. H. Forney, deceased, and presents to this Court his petition in writing and under oath, and in form required by law, praying for an order and decree of this Court, to sell certain real estate described in said petition, for the purpose of distribution and payment of debt, upon the grounds that the personal property is insufficient to pay the debts and said property cannot be equitably divided without sale, which said petition is examined by this Court and placed on file for consideration of all concerned. It is therefore ordered and decreed by the Court, that the 7th day of May 1894 be, and it is hereby, appointed as a day for hearing and consideration of said petition; and that notice of the filing and nature of said petition, and the day set to hear and determine the same, be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in said county, notifying all persons interested, to be and appear before this court on said 7th day of May 1894 then and there to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

EXAMPTT W. CROOK,

Judge of Probate Court.

mar20-3t

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

## JACKSON

Office Furniture Company,

JACKSON, TENN.

MANUFACTURERS OF

SCHOOL CHURCH

and OFFICE FURNITURE.

Schools and Churches, seated in the best manner.

Office furnished.

Send for Catalogue.

N 6in

W R STEVENS

BETWEEN THE DRUG STORES.

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER

Jacksonville, Ala.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND ALL CLASSES OF JEWELRY REPAIRED IN NEATEST STYLE.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

TEED.

New Shoe Shop.

AT THE OLD STAND

Next Door to

Jacksonville Hotel.

We have secured the services of a first-class shoe maker and guarantee all work, both making and repairing done in first-class style.

febl7-1m

Undertaking!

COFFINS & CASKETS.

Mrs. J. H. Crawford will continue the undertaking business of J. H. Crawford deceased, assisted by her son, F. P. Crawford. They will carry a nice line of Coffins, Caskets, Etc.

Send Six 2 Cent Stamps

For

The NEW SOUTH

COOK BOOK

150 First Class Receipts.

S. W. WRENN, G. P. & T. A., Knoxville, Tenn.

E. M. REID, J. P.

NORRISVILLE, ALA.

Keeps Marriage Licenses for all Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesday in each month

T. BEN KERR.

Attorney-at-Law,

PIEDMONT, ALABAMA.

Will practice in the Chancery, Circuit and inferior courts of the State. Collections a specialty, with prompt remittance.

R. J. MORGAN,

Attorney-at-Law.

Piedmont, Ala.

Special attention given to collections.

TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT

March 1st, 1894.

8 45 am Lv Chattanooga Ar 7 10 pm

12 35 am Lv Rome Ar 4 35 pm

1 02 pm Ar Piedmont Ar 3 10 pm

1 55 pm Ar Anniston Ar 2 20 pm

4 30 pm Ar Calera Ar 11 45 am

6 45 pm Ar Selma Ar 9 30 am

6 30 am Lv Selma Ar 11 00 pm

9 04 am Ar Thomasville Ar 8 32 pm

10 20 am Ar Jackson Ar 7 10 pm

12 45 pm Ar Mobile Ar 4 30 pm

6 55 pm Lv Selma Ar 9 20 am

11 40 pm Ar Meridian Ar 4 35 am

AT ROE

connections are made for Georgia points and for the

EAST AND WEST.

Apply to any Agent for rates, etc., or write

L. A. BELL, D. W. WRENN,

Dir. Pass. Agent, Gen'l Pass. Agent,

SELMA, ALA., KNOXVILLE, TENN.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Fitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency, Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Orwood, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. Kitchener, Conway, Ark.

Allen C. Smith, Pres.,

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

CASTORIA.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. Acheson, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have, among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

CASTORIA.

CASTORIA.

CASTORIA.

CASTORIA.

CASTORIA.

CASTORIA.







## A BETTER

Written by Judge Carmichael to the Advertiser.

Saviors of Pure Democratic Doctrine and Political Courage

The following letter in a recent issue of the Montgomery Advertiser from Judge Carmichael of the Third Judicial circuit, on the political condition of the day, is full of earnest, logical reasoning, and devotion to the party. Any man will be a better Democrat by reading it. Editor Advertiser.

Like a great many thousand straight Democrats in Alabama, including a large number of our political leaders, I would have been pleased if the president had approved the Bland silver bill; but when I look down deep into my own mind and heart for the reason for a desire in that direction, I feel that it was one founded more upon the party policy, and a desire to win votes for the Democratic party than upon a well founded and reasonable conviction that the best interest of the country and the people would have been subserved by such a course.

Such a view of the subject is unworthy of statesmanship and of patriotism, and while it may be pardonable for men like myself to entertain such views, they are utterly unbecoming a statesman and a great leader, and yet if I may be pardoned for saying it, it seems to me that there are a large number of our leaders and statesmen whose silver views are fixed, more by a disposition to cater to the clamor of the people of the South and West than by a well digested understanding of the great financial questions now before the country. If this be so, then indeed has the country fallen upon evil times. The needs of the day are statesmen and not politicians—men to lead the people and not to follow them in their whims, caprices and foolish notions—men with courage to talk to the people plainly, truthfully and frankly although it be to their hurt, and the people may not at first take kindly to it—men who would rather be right than to occupy the seat of government, congressman or United States senator. Are there brains, courage and honesty enough in the Democratic party to stem the flood-tide of foolish notions and fanaticism now rolling over the land? This question must be answered by those who have been made leaders, or who have made themselves leaders.

But let us get down to the question of the hour—the president right in vetoing the silver bill! Foolish and thoughtless people desire no answer to this question, and will listen to none, if they can avoid it. They assume that he was wrong and rave and rant accordingly. This is the day of "kicking." Many men are not seeking for something to approve and endorse, but for some excuse, however unreasonable, which will justify an enfeebled conscience in condemning and damning their neighbors. Reason, justice, patience and common sense—the jewels of a well-regulated mind—seem for the time to have led the minds of many good men and to have given place to folly, passion and groundless intolerance. Can we not get back to the field of reason and let foolish passions and unwise impulses have their place in the minds of the incorrigibly ignorant, where they properly belong.

No matter what brought it about, that the country during last year, suffered a serious financial panic, the evils of which touched even the South, the most independent and best country in the world, none can deny.

That the East, North and West suffered immensely worse than the South no well informed man will pretend to deny. In the opinion of the president, and of congress the continued purchase of silver by the government, if not the sole cause of our financial troubles, was a prime factor in

bringing them about, and hence the law authorizing such purchase was repealed, and while it was not done with sufficient promptitude to bring the good results which the country had a right to expect, if prompt action had been taken, there has been a steady improvement in the country from the day of the repeal until the present.

The stringency in the money markets last year was not due to a scarcity of money, so much as to the sensitive character of money and capital. They became frightened and fled away to their hiding places and hence the channels of prosperity, which were kept supplied by the money in circulation, were for the time dried up.

I have always despised the suggestion that capital and money are timid, and yet every man of limited means who has ever tried to borrow money without surety on collateral, has been thoroughly convinced that that suggestion is true. Then, if it be true, that money fled away, and foreign and home investments were withheld for want of confidence in our financial affairs, and if it be further true that confidence is being restored, that the money is coming forth and finding its way into channels of commerce and trade, and that the country is, so to speak, getting on its feet again, would it be wise to inject into the circulating medium fifty millions of dollars, the metal in which is confessedly worth but fifty cents on the dollar? Would such a step probably check the outflow of confidence in returning financial vigor and prosperity? Many persons think so, and all reasonable and thinking men are convinced that this is no time for quick finances, and quick financial remedies, and that such finances and such remedies are over-plentiful, no man of observation will deny, who keeps his ears and eyes open. If the patient has suffered a terrible shock, but is now improving, let him alone. It may be, and probably will be, that former conditions will soon be entirely restored. The president thought this way, and expressed it in a great deal better language than I have time to formulate, if I could do it at all, and thinking so he had the courage and patriotism to veto the silver bill, although it had passed both houses of congress, and notwithstanding he was besieged and implored on all hands by political friends to approve it. Shall it be said that the president was controlled in this matter "by his environments?" If he were little and unpatriotic enough to be controlled by his environments in a matter of great moment, then he could never have found any environments, behind which there were as many dollars, as there are behind the great protection interest of the North and East, and yet all know with what lofty patriotism he assailed through the tariff issue, the wealthy manufacturers, and did it, too, in the interests of the less fortunate consumers of manufactured products. In view of his well known position upon this great economic question, it seems to me that no reasonable suggestion can be made that he is governed in any great question by the interests of section or locality.

The truth is the president wants sound money for the rich and poor alike, whether it be gold, silver or paper; and although he knows that America is a great country, independent of England, and all Europe politically, and knows it as well as some of our statesmen who speak of it in such a school boy fashion, he knows that such independence is only political, and not commercial, and that a great producing country like ours never can be so independent of her neighboring nationalities as to set up for herself financially as well as politically.

The claimer that we want free silver, because it is the poor man's money, is simply unreasonable and ridiculous. When it is called the poor man's money, I take it that the laboring man is referred to. Now, if that be so, I insist that if there be any difference in dollars—if a gold dollar is better

than a silver dollar—then the man who digs this dollar out of the ground is entitled to the best dollar, and ought not to be content with anything short of it. We of the South produce that thing—cotton—which above all others will bring the gold from the uttermost parts of the world. By proper attention to home affairs which I am glad to say we are giving, we shall soon be in condition to demand the gold for our difference in dollars, and it is in favor of gold, we shall have it. We have no silver to sell, but we have cotton, and as we dig it out of the ground, let's quit clamoring about a market for the silver man's products, and give attention to making ourselves what we deserve to be, the most self-sustaining people in the world. If we do get but a small price for our cotton, we can purchase more with the value of a bale of cotton, than we ever could in the history of the country.

Now then, is it any time for Democrats to talk about compromising, when the State convention meets? Endorse the president is a sort of a general way and then for fear of losing a few votes of men on their way with Kolb to the Republican party, condemn him specially on the silver question? Nay, verily, nine-tenths of the silver excitement in the South is due to the fact that our political leaders have been loth to antagonize the views of the farmers, and it is not strange, for nearly all of them were at one time plow-boys; but when the farmers fall under the influence to men wanting in a knowledge of the science of government, wanting in a knowledge of true patriotism, and in many instances, wanting in the elements of true manhood and go far out of the old paths, worshipping gods not known to our fathers, then it behooves our leaders, in kindness but in firmness, to allay, if possible, the bitterness which political profligacy has brought into the hearts of many and to point and lead the way indicated by common sense, and sound reason.

Let the Democrats everywhere scout the quick remedies of financial cranks and stand by their great leader in his advocacy of a clean government, a sound currency, a fair rate of taxation and a fair chance in the race of life for every man, whether he be rich or poor.

Democrats, although they may favor silver, cannot afford to shuffle in ranks. The party through one of its leaders, the president may be in error upon the silver question; but if it is, the party nevertheless possesses two virtues to one vice, while the next best party in the land carries at least two vices to one virtue. If this be so, will sensible men, will men who struggled with and rent asunder the hateful, slimy folds of the anaconda of reconstruction, will men who love quietude, happiness and peace and desire their white wings to brood like a guardian angel over our glorious, long-suffering, Solid South, hesitate to take positive, unquestioned position in the hour of trial and danger? I think not. I hope not.

J. M. CARMICHAEL.

Prof. Gibson Resigns.

The financial stringency has been hard on everybody and of course schools everywhere suffered in like manner. The Central College has not escaped the depression and the peculiar circumstances surrounding the school have placed it under the painful necessity of parting with its President, Prof. C. B. Gibson.

His resignation will take effect next Monday and the many friends and patrons of the school and others regret extremely to lose him. They will be glad to know, however, that the work of the college will go on under a full and competent corps of teachers.

The immediate head of the institution will be Mr. L. O. Dawson, and we scarcely think the school could fall into better hands. —Tuscaloosa Gazette.

Children Cry for Pitcher's

## EDITORIAL NOTES

Penned to be Read and Placed in a Conspicuous Place.

Vote for the Nominee or Stay out of the Best Meeting—Will Repeal the Bank Tax.

The Democratic Congressional caucus has decided to push the bill repealing the ten per cent. tax on State banks. The repeal of this tax would give the country a good local currency not likely to congest in New York.

The Democratic Executive Committee of Lee county have ordered a primary election for the selection of delegates to the State Convention. In addition to the qualifications laid down by the State Executive Committee, a rule was adopted excluding all from participation in the primary who refused to pledge themselves to vote for the nominee of the Democratic State Convention.

The Chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee has ruled that any Democrat who declares he will not support any particular man for governor, if nominated, is not eligible to participate in Democratic State meetings or primaries.

The result of Tillman's war in South Carolina has resulted in immense losses to the State. Outside banks will not lend money to business men of the state and all classes of South Carolina securities have dropped in price. Everything is quiet now and Tillman has issued an address designed to restore confidence of moneyed men in the securities of the State, but he spoils it all by saying he now has an armed force sufficient to quell further insurrection—thus leaving the impression that there is still danger of war. The military court, composed of officers of Tillman's own soldiers and also the coroners jury have declared in their verdicts that the riot was started by Tillman's constables; and two of them are now held for murder.

The Hot Blast has no sympathy for the few Alabama Democratic newspapers who are declaring that Kolb will be elected governor if Oates is the nominee. Alabama is a Democratic State always by a big sound majority, and whether Oates, Johnston, Rich or a dark horse be the nominee, he is a sure winner. Such papers cannot help the cause of their candidate by such silly artifice. —Anniston Hot Blast.

A dispatch from Columbus, Ohio, says that the National Miner's Convention held in that city on the 11 inst. unanimously passed a resolution that after April 21st no coal shall be mined in any state or territory where the organization has control, until authorized by the national officers of the executive board. This will be the most stupendous strike ever known in the United States and will throw three hundred thousand men out of employment and, at a low estimate, will deprive a million of people of the means of subsistence.

The National Economist, the organ of the National Farmers Alliance, published in Washington City, is more interested in carrying out the alliance demands in opposition to protection; than it is in Candidate Kolb's ambition. Here is what it said last week:

"This letter tells the story of Kolb at some length and shows plainly the animus of the movements of the New England protectionists. We fear that Governor Jones does not know Hoar as well as he should by his references to his 'known personal purity of character.' His ignorance of the character of the man who was to distribute the soap," etc. Senator Hoar has been a prominent figure in public life for many years. He has never been known to show any signs of idleness or lack of appreciation of men and methods. Governor Jones does not know his

record, or else chooses to assume that the man is better than he really is. We refer the governor of Alabama to the celebrated comparison between the Senator and Sherman Hoar, made by the late Benjamin F. Butler. Our reasons for taking the position we did at the head of this article must be now evident. The present attempt is not undertaken in good faith. It is an attempt on the part of a defeated party to upset the verdict of the people; it is not an honest desire to benefit the citizens of Alabama or enfranchise any voters who are now unable to have their ballots counted as cast; it is not an overpowering love for the suffering negro; it is not an intense desire to preserve a sound and stable currency; it is not anxiety to prevent the iniquity of an income tax; none of these reasons play any part in the actions of the purists. (7) from Massachusetts: their sole and only reason for action is the hope of preserving for themselves the vicious system of robbery of the many for the benefit of the few, known as the McKinley bill.

We cannot speak for the people of Alabama authoritatively, but if we know anything of their sentiments and character we feel safe in expressing the opinion that the predatory adventurers from New England will spend their money and gain no advantage by the operation. The paltry sum of \$5,000 announced as desired means doubtless \$500,000, and we are sure that "monopoly" will easily raise that amount. We trust our friends in Alabama will get all they can of it and then vote against the subscribers.

We have received a communication from the Commercial club of Birmingham, suggesting that the business men of Jacksonville form a board of trade or union and send representatives to the great commercial convention soon to be held in that city, and that a paper setting out the advantage and resources of the town be prepared and presented for publication in the book to be issued by the Commercial Convention.

The business men of Jacksonville should take steps in the matter. It is high time they form a union for another purpose also, and that is to bring back the trade to the town which naturally belongs to it. Rents, living, clerk hire and everything, except freight rates, favor Jacksonville as a low market. By buying in car load lots, the item of freight discrimination can be corrected through appeal to the Interstate Railroad Commission. If we should direct half the energy now being wasted in securing a solid delegation for Oates or Johnston or in grinding the ax of some small politician who fosters division and dissension for his own individual advantage in the future, should soon see trade revive in Jacksonville and the town going forward to that destiny to which its advantages entitles it.

The campaign romancer has made his appearance in Jacksonville full panoplied and all sorts of misrepresentations are being made as to the utterances and motives of men who have been moving on lines of good to our whole community. This is miserably low and despicable politics and honorable men by no possibility can countenance such methods.

Dr. Henry Snow Dead.

Dr. Henry Snow, of Oxford, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Calhoun county, died very suddenly Tuesday night about 9 o'clock. He had gone to the postoffice to mail some letters and when near the store of Walker, Gwin & Co., fell to the pavement and expired almost immediately. Heart failure is supposed to have caused the death. He was buried yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Dr. Snow had many relatives and many friends all over the county. —Hot Blast.

Children Cry for Pitcher's

## IN THE TOWN

Items too Small for a Separate Head.

What the People of Jacksonville and Vicinity are doing Condensed into Crisp Paragraphs.

John Humes spent the week in Anniston.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Ward, a son.

Monday week—circuit court and candidate Johnston.

J. W. Rounsaville, of Rome, was in the city Thursday.

Rev. D. F. Hoke, of Birmingham, is in Jacksonville.

Born to Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Williams, of White Plains, a son.

There was once a famous organization called the Lundy Club.

Captain Jacob Forney spent Sunday with friends at Jettier.

Will somebody kindly inform us where the J. F. F. Club is at?

Mr. E. V. Weaver and sister of Peaceburg, were here Saturday.

Mrs. Annie Alexander, of Atlanta, is the guest of relatives in the city.

Miss Emma Eason has been visiting Mrs. John M. Caldwell in Anniston.

Messrs. W. H. Williams and Jno. B. Knox, of Anniston, were here Tuesday.

John H. Cooke and R. Swain Perry, of Piedmont, were in town Thursday.

Recorder Carthel, of the Anniston police court, was a visitor Thursday.

Hon. John D. Hammond returned yesterday from a few days visit to Montgomery.

Mrs. Joe H. Privett is on a two week's visit to her sister, Mrs. Mitchell, of Rome.

Miss Mary Haley has returned from a several months visit to her old home at Jasper.

Hon. L. J. Morris, of Morrisville, was in the city on Thursday, enroute to Cedartown, Ga.

Mrs. Annie Draper, of Oxford, is visiting in the city, guest of Mrs. T. W. Francis on Depot st.

Miss Pearl Porter came over Monday to spend some time with her aunt, Mrs. C. J. Porter.

J. Tom Doster, druggist-real estate agent-drummer, spent Sunday with his friends in Jacksonville.

Joe Broughton, student at the State Normal, spent Sunday and Monday at his home in the country.

Messrs. W. T. Alexander, of Montgomery, and Lee Alexander, of Gadsden, are guests of O. S. Camp.

Miss Lucy Woodruff is at home after an absence of several months. She has been teaching school near Gadsden.

Miss Martie Whiteside has returned to her home after several days visit to her sister, Mrs. Weaver of this city.

There will be an all day singing at the Hollingsworth schoolhouse the fifth Sunday in April. A glorious time is anticipated.

Mr. Beason's house which was burned, it is supposed by lightning, recently, has been rebuilt, and is now occupied by the family.

Mrs. W. R. Kirk's friends in the county will be interested to learn that she has removed with her daughters from Sumterville, Fla., to St. Petersburg, Fla.

Commissioner's Court has been in session here this week. All the road contractors of the county were before the court Monday to make their reports and draw their first quarter's pay.

President Voght, of the Sulzer-Voght Machine Co., of Louisville, and also president of the Jacksonville Ice Co., is in the city getting things in shape to begin making ice. The factory will probably start next Monday.

J. W. Minor, who will be remembered as a former merchant of

Jacksonville, has wandered back again and is boarding with Will Clark. They charge him about \$15.00 a week for his board.

Mr. Leslie, organizer of Epworth League at White Plains last Sunday. Delegates to the State convention elected (viz) Miss Martie Whiteside and Mr. Frank Watson Alternates, Miss Josie Williams and Mr. Lempel Scarborough.

Mr. R. W. Whiteside has received from E. L. Branton, New Ross, Ind., two registered Poland China pigs. They are beautiful black with white points, five months old and will weigh 150 pounds each. The sire of the pigs weighs 800 pounds and the dam 600 pounds in stock order.

Tom Young's place in "DeSoto" was visited by a severe storm on Monday night which blew away all his fencing and houses, saved the dwelling and crib. He will not be able to make a crop unless his neighbors fall in and help him rebuild. The storm did damage about Laney's Mill and leveled all the fencing on John Patterson's place.

Major J. W. A. Wright, of Talladega, one of the most learned Spanish scholars in the state, has consented to deliver his famous lecture on DeSoto in the college chapel here on the evening of the 27th of April. He has made a special study for years of DeSoto and his wonderful expedition. Admission 25 cents, school children 10 cents.

The following is the result of the votes cast for officers of the Second Regiment Alabama State troops as opened and counted in the adjutant general's office in Montgomery Monday. For colonel, L. V. Clark, of Birmingham; for lieutenant-colonel, H. B. Foster, of Tuscaloosa; for major, E. L. Higdon of Birmingham 25; W. A. Orr, Oxford 22.

The Enterprise comments on Mrs. Forney's departure as follows: "We are sad to give up Mrs. Elizabeth Forney and family. They recently left for Baltimore, which is to be their future home. Sister Forney, for many years has been a faithful member of the Methodist church here. We will miss her and her family. It is a great loss to the church and the community. May the Lord bless and prosper them in their new home."

We were glad to have a visit from Mrs. Addie Parks of Scottsboro, Monday. Sister Parks has been a good and appreciated friend of this writer for several years. She is a most estimable Christian woman, loved and respected by all who know her. She had been on a visit to her niece, Mrs. Robert Watson of White Plains, Ala. She will visit Gadsden till about May the first, when she will return to Scottsboro. —Jacksonville Christian Enterprise.

The Enterprise compliments Mrs. Cason, nee Miss Mittie Humes, in the following words: "Mrs. G. P. Cason, of Anniston, was up the past week, visiting her parents, Col. and Mrs. W. M. Humes. She rendered us valuable service in the meeting. Mrs. Cason is an excellent performer, and presided at the organ at all the services while here. We return her thanks. We hope she may return soon."

Mr. J. W. Riddle, who lives near Choccolocco, was a visitor in the city yesterday. He is one of Calhoun's most prosperous and progressive farmers. In 1871, he bought the place where he now resides. Since then he has paid for and improved his place, and has lived well, rearing and educating a large family. Mr. Riddle says that he has never bought a bushel of corn or a bundle of hay for feed. In other words, he lives at home and boards at the same place. It goes without saying that he is a Democrat of the first water. —Hot Blast.

The season of the "sweet girl graduate" and "we go forth to do battle with the world" orations is drawing high apice, and this year the commencement exercises at the State Normal School promise to be particularly brilliant, judging from the character of the faculty and pupils. During commencement week the Alumni Association will hold a meeting and the officers of the association are working to make it a grand success. A full attendance of the members is expected and no doubt the reunion of the men and women claiming the S. N. S. as their alma mater will be a joyful occasion. Jacksonville will be delighted to entertain them. Any of the members desiring information in regard to the program and arrangements can secure it by addressing Curtis B. Haley, chairman of the executive committee, Nashville, Tenn., care of Barber & Smith.











ABOUT CAPT. JOHNSTON. Speaks in the Prime of his Life. White Earth, Minn., April 6th, 1894.

Not Selling Under False Pretenses and is Forming No Log-Rolling Combination.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—I called on Col. Oates today and said to him:

"I see in some of the papers in Alabama and the Atlanta Constitution, which are advocating Capt. Johnston's nomination, you are represented as being covertly a candidate against General Morgan for the United States Senate and that your candidacy for Governor is merely to cover up your real object. What do you have to say about that?"

Col. Oates said: "The report is untrue. Those papers seem to be frightened and very doubtful of the strength of Capt. Johnston and are just trying to lure Morgan and his friends into the contest in favor of Johnston as a means of helping him to overcome me and Rich and secure the nomination for Governor. I am never guilty of false pretenses in politics or anything else. Thank God, nature has blessed me with a sufficient amount of candor and courage to say just what I mean and to ask for what I want. I have no combination with anyone. I am making no promises to appoint anyone to office in the event of my election; I am not subsidizing any newspaper to praise me, nor to criticize either of my competitors; I am not hiring any men to go round log-rolling and electioneering for me, though I am always grateful to any newspaper which sees proper to speak of me in kind and complimentary terms and to any friend who sees proper to work and electioneer for my nomination. I descend to none of the arts or demagogues, frequently practiced in contests for offices and do nothing inconsistent with the true dignity which should characterize the conduct of every candidate for an exalted office like that of Governor of our State.

"I am a candidate for Governor and nothing else. Whenever I am a candidate for the United States Senate or any other office, I will say so in plain and unmistakable language. I think too much of the intelligence and patriotism of the Democrats of Alabama to tell them I am a candidate for Governor of the State, when really I am after another office. I have not in any speech I have made, nor indeed in any private conversation made any attack upon Senator Morgan or insinuated that I would be a candidate to succeed him in the Senate. I do not consider that Senator Morgan's candidacy for re-election should be in any wise involved in the nomination of a Democratic candidate for Governor of our State.

"Well, Colonel, I presume that Senator Morgan's interview some time ago, in which he spoke out in favor of Capt. Johnston has had something to do with connecting him and Capt. Johnston in a joint fight against your nomination."

To which Col. Oates replied, "I saw Senator Morgan's interview and, while I think he might with propriety in view of our long acquaintance and uniform friendship, have omitted some expressions in it, yet I have never fallen out with him for expressing his preference for Capt. Johnston over me. They lived together for many years in the same town when perhaps a more intimate personal friendship between them were formed than ever existed between the Senator and myself and hence it is very natural for him to prefer Capt. Johnston. That is his right, which I recognize and do not propose to make the slightest opposition to his re-election to the Senate on account of it. It would be unfair considering his high and long continued Senatorial position to interpose actively in a contest between two Democrats in honor of the party's nomination to the office of Governor. I cannot believe that Senator Morgan would be guilty of any such impropriety. All reports that I am or have been fighting him before the people of Alabama are false. He has his own record to speak for himself and no doubt the people will hear him in person with much pleasure. He is always eloquent and instructive. I am in no wise responsible and have nothing to do with any comments The Advertiser sees proper to make upon his course in Congress. That is a matter between him and The Advertiser.

WHITE EARTH, MINN., April 6th, 1894.

WHILE you are basking in the sunny smiles of genial, balmy spring, the denizens of this far northwestern clime are yet traveling over frozen lakes and contending with frequent blizzards and snow storms. What is known as the "break up" has begun, and the roads are well-nigh impassable. From November last until a few days ago the ground was frozen tight to the depth of several feet and covered with an abundance of snow, affording excellent and continuous sleighing. But now the snow is scant—too much so for runners, and the mud from the thawing ground makes wheeling laborious and tedious. It will be the middle of May before there is much improvement, and yet will hear people discarding effusively upon the attractions of this country and climate! So soon as the mud, snow and blizzards have disappeared mosquitoes and hurricanes are ushered in. The soil is very fertile, fish is plentiful and game fairly so. There are innumerable meadows, affording the greatest abundance of wild hay of excellent quality. A large proportion of the farmers of this section are foreigners—Norwegians. They are hardy, thrifty people—industrious and persistent, but almost universally addicted to strong drink. It is said to be a favorite custom to mix alcohol with their coffee. This may account for the cases of violent insanity which occur not infrequently. They for the most part are Populists, the Representative in Congress from this district having been elected by that party. The Republicans nominated and elected a Norwegian for Governor two years ago, and he is said to have given satisfaction. . . . I think so, evidently, for he aspires to step from his present honorable position into that of U. S. Senator, and the chances are not against him.

Our commission deals with all the Indians in Minnesota, numbering about 9,000. They are scattered over the northern part of the State, most of them living upon Reservations, seven in number, but quite a number elsewhere. A large proportion of the Chippewas of this (White Earth) Reservation are mix-bloods. As a rule they are intelligent, shrewd and cunning, many of them have received fair education in the Agency and non-reservation schools, and compare favorably with intelligent whites. A majority are of French-Chippewa extraction.

The letters of Hon. L. W. Grant from Florida were both entertaining and instructive. His descriptions of the country and narrations of many enjoyable fishing jaunts, embracing numerous thrilling little episodes and not a few funny experiences, were both charming and vivid. He wields a facile and trenchant pen, as all Alabama well knows.

Speaking of fishing, we may safely say Minnesota is not excelled, if indeed it has a peer, in the abundance and variety of the finny tribe. Its thousands of crystal lakes abound in every kind of fish known to fresh water. Black bass, (small and large mouth) pickerel, pike, perch, sucker, white fish, trout, etc., may be mentioned as a small part of the long list. The small mouth bass is considered the gamest, and affords the angler the most entertainment.

Game is also quite plentiful, consisting in part of moose, deer, elk, wild geese, duck, partridges, prairie chickens and squirrels. Nearly every wild animal of North America of the temperate zone is found hereabouts.

Minnesota is a rock-ribbed republican state. Has not gone Democratic since the war. Some thing but few states in this Union can claim. And yet, it is not in as good condition as many of the commonwealths ruled by democratic laws.

B. DUDLEY WILLIAMS.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it if procurable. G. A. Dickman, Druggist, Jessick, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the "best Church remedy" that he has used in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested? Trial bottles free at all Drug Stores. Register size 50c, and \$1.00.

COMMENTS.

Of Those Who Have Been Cured or Greatly Benefited by Using the Electropoise.

Capt. T. H. Hoban, conductor on the Louisville & Nashville railroad, Decatur, Ala., used it on his baby for colic, and says: "I have heard the doctors say the child could not possibly live a week. From the first application of the Electropoise he began to improve, and now, after two weeks use of it, he is entirely recovered."

B. F. Land, Dothan, used it for paralysis and has been wonderfully improved in every way, says: "I fully believe that the Electropoise is all in all to the sick and will do all that is claimed for it."

George S. Vairout, Mobile: "The Electropoise has been of great value to me, curing me of a distressing case of hay fever of ten years' standing, and my entire household use it as a prompt cure for colds, fever, sore throat and violent pains."

Joseph Williams, Stevenson: "The Electropoise has entirely cured my rheumatism, and my general health is much improved."

Rev. S. J. Knowles, Headland: "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

A similar list could be given from other states. There are many others, but the testimony of such men ought to convince the most skeptical. Don't impose upon their time and patience. It is our business.

Consultation and advice free. DuBois & Webb, 1911 First avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

Send for circulars—free.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she became a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DELINQUENT TAXES.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers and real estate upon which taxes are due and wherein is reported as assessed to "Owner Unknown" and to the following persons, real estate as follows to-wit:

Precinct No. 1.

Jane Ashley, Lot 1, block 10, lot 14 block 37, Jacksonville, taxes 45c cost 170, adv 62.

L. Chapman & Gale, Lots 18-19, block 112, Jacksonville, taxes 90c, cost 170, adv 37c.

L. L. Courtesaux, lot 5, block 64, Jacksonville, taxes 25c, cost 170, adv 53c.

Mrs. M. B. Moore, lot 6, block 64, Jacksonville, taxes 25c, cost 170, adv 54c.

J. W. McDaniel, Lot 2, block 359, Jacksonville, tax 23c, cost 170, adv 53c.

Geo. H. Montgomery, lot 9, block 10, lot 13, block 47, lot 15-16, block 104, lot 17-18, block 111, lot 19-20, block 298, Jacksonville, tax 1 1/2, cost 230, adv 110.

W. J. Patterson, lot 15, block 371, lot 5, block 310, Jacksonville, tax 31c, cost 170, adv 65c.

J. D. & James Riggs, lot 2, block 55, lot 7, block 35, lot 19, block 59, lot 15-16, block 103, lot 1, block 346, Jacksonville, tax 2 1/2, cost 220, adv 110.

T. J. Scott, Trustee, lot 3, block 367, Jacksonville, tax 23c, cost 170, adv 56c.

Miss Mary Sanders, SW 1/4 NW 1/4, sec 20, T. 14, R. 8, tax 80, cost 170, adv 60c.

John Varco, lot 10 and 11, block 51, Jacksonville, tax 27c, cost 170, adv 56c.

Nancy Welch, col. 1 acre lot, Van S, W by Ellis Pierce, S by Jeff Murray, Jacksonville, tax 49c, cost 170, adv 50c.

Lizzie Weaver col. W 1/2 SE 1/4 and SE 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 27, T. 14, R. 8, tax 1 80 cost 170, adv 92c.

Precinct No. 2.

Francois Love col. 3 acres in SW corner SW 1/4 Sec. 23, T. 14, R. 7, tax 36c, cost 170, adv 54c.

R. M. Parris Half interest in Mineral right in SW 1/4 Sec. 7, T. 14, R. 8, SW 1/4, Sec. 18, T. 14, R. 8, 11 1/2 Rods east side W 1/2 of NW 1/4 Sec. 13, T. 14, R. 8. Tax 270, cost 170, adv 170.

Mrs. C. J. Shirley, W 1/2 SW 1/4 less right of way of L. & N Railroad, Sec. 14, T. 15, R. 7. Tax 235, cost 170, adv 100.

Min Walker col. 2 acres SE corner of SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 14, R. 7. Tax 25, cost 220, adv 83c.

Owner Unknown, SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 18, T. 13, R. 6. Tax 225, cost 220, adv 74c.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate Court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday the 14th day of May 1894, then and there to show cause why, if any you have, that a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same—fees and costs.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

THE WILMER

W. A. CAMP, MANAGER.

COR. 10TH AND WILMER STS. ANNISTON, ALA.

Mr. Camp invites the public throughout the county to stop with him and will treat them right. Rates—\$2.00 a day.

What is  
**CASTORIA**

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paragoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children.

Dr. G. C. Osago, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves.

Dr. J. F. KINCLEIGH, Oswego, Ark.

Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as a superior family prescription known to me.

Dr. A. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Contour Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

ATTENTION, STOCK MEN!

Having consummated arrangements with Mr. J. H. Vivion, of Gartersville, Ga., for the use of his Kentucky blood station, horses, chief, I respectfully and cordially tender to the citizens of Calhoun county and the adjoining country, who have good nures, an opportunity of breeding to one of the most superior blood trotting stallions in America, and probably the only Dictator Stallion in the South, and of thereby obtaining a chance to secure a first-class roadster, if not a race horse.

DECEEE CHIEF

Will make the season of 1894 at the Model City stables in Anniston, Ala., upon the following terms: Twenty dollars for the season, due when mare is first bred, with the privilege of returning her until season closes. If she fails to get in foal by the first service, twenty-five dollars for insurance, due when mare is known to be in foal, or is parted with. If mare fails to get in foal, and mare still owns her, she may be bred back next season, if the money has been paid and stallion living and I keep him. Respectfully, J. G. JONES

Let me say to our people that in the pedigree, which can be seen at my stables, of Deceer, the sire of Deceer Chief, embracing the blood of Dictator, Harold and Pilot, Jr., there is combined more extreme speed than in the pedigree of any stallion living or dead, unless bred like him. Here are a few that have the same blood lines.

Nancy Hanks	2:30	dam by Dictator
Directum	2:30	by Dictator, son of Dictator.
by Dictator, son of Dictator.	2:30	
Jay Eye See	2:30	by Hartford, son of Harold
Gold	2:30	by Lord Russell, son of Harold
Kremlin	2:30	by Lord Russell, son of Harold
(bred to Harold)	2:30	
Maud S.	2:30	by Harold

2:30 1/2 average of eight animals

Where could there be such a record shown in the history of trotting contests? Then when you could have the blood of these two great sons of old Hamilton, and of the great Pilot, Jr., with that of the Mambrino Chief family, as is done in Deceer Chief, and also backed up by the best strains of the neighborhood blood all the way back to old imported Messenger, you can easily have breeding that should satisfy the most exacting.

If Deceer Chief, who is not yet grown, had not met with the misfortune to get one hind leg knocked off when he was but two years old, he would have been trained, and would doubtless have had before this time a very low mark to his credit, for he has a splendid trotting tail. He is the same size, style, color, and the same kin to Dictator (grandson) who is being disputed the grandest trotting horse now living, or that the world has ever produced, and he reached that lofty pinnacle at four years of age.

TO FARMERS: . . .

B. H. MATTHEWS, Anniston, Alabama, will sell you what goods you may need on the farm

! ON TIME !

at from 10 to 25 per cent cheaper than you have ever bought them. GET MY PRICES. I will let you have any kind of goods and some CASH too!

B. H. MATTHEWS, ANNISTON.

JOHN RAMAGNANO

AT HIS OLD STAND

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of Wines and Liquors to be found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded Warehouse; Pure, sweet Mash Corn Whisky, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Ginsnad ordials of the best European brands. Also

Domestic Wines and Brandies.

Whiskies and Wines by the gallon for family use sold at lowest figures. Also

Sacramental Wines.

Imported Bottled Beer and cool fresh Lager Beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cent ciders.

Probate Court Notice. Specimen Cases.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term 10th day of April 1894.

This day came S. D. G. Brothers Administrators of the estate of Susannah Landrum deceased, and filed his account and vouchers, for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 7th day of May A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 7th day of May A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely.

Sold at all Drug Stores.

1894  
**SPRING SEASON**

For the ladies

We have received for early Spring wear, a grand line of woolen dress goods in all the latest styles and newest colorings.

In cotton dress goods we have the most beautiful assortment ever received in this city, in all the newest designs.

Standard Prints from 4 1/2 cents up.

Silks, Linen, Thread and Cotton Laces in cream and white, to match every style of dress goods.

Hosiery, Corsets, gloves, Embroideries, White Goods—everything new.

For the men

We have received a grand assortment of Sack and Tack suits, latest cut which we will sell from

**FIVE TO FIFTEEN DOLLARS EACH.**

Negligee and white shirts, scarfs, ties, collars, cuffs, hats and caps.

For the boys

We have received a beautiful line of suits from 4 to 14 years which we will sell from \$1.25 TO \$5.00. A SUIT. Shirt, waists, hats shoes and caps, all of which we will sell at low prices.

**ULLMAN BROS.**

I AM OFFERING

Flour at \$3.10 per barrel.

Sugar at 25 pounds for \$1.00.

Soda at 5 pounds for 25 cents.

My Motto is: "SELL 'EM LOW AND LET 'EM GO."

**C. J. PORTER.**

EVERYTHING READY.

Our Stock is now complete and we are ready to show you the choicest line of Clothing for Men, Boys and Children we have ever shown.

You will find our counters laden with the latest styles in fabric. The fit and finish is strictly in keeping with the well known high standard of our goods. We have all the la tecuts—Picadilly, Regent, Longskirted Frocks &c., in plain and fancy chevriots plain and silk, mixed worsteds, vanetian cloth &c. In our stock of Furnishing Goods you will find everything that is new and nobby.

We take pride in our Neckwear and assure you that here you can find just the thing you want. Negligee Shirts are cheaper this season than ever before. We have them with detached collars, in all desirable patterns. Everything in Hats, Straw and Fur, in all shapes. You want your Spring outfit for Easter. Come in and let us fix you up. Our prices are extremely low this season. "Hard time" prices rule the day.

**THE FAMOUS,**

MENS' OUTFITTERS.

Cor. Noble and 10th Streets, Anniston, Alabama.

WE HAVE

A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED

Stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats

**DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES**

Wishing to change our business we will sell cheaper than the cheapest

**HAMMOND AND CROOK.**

**S. R. WILKERSON**

Livery and Feed Stable,

**JACKSONVILLE, ALA.**

Fine horses and carriages always ready for use. Commercial men given special attention.



# Jacksonville

# Republican

"ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY"

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1894.

VOLUME 58.

## A CONGRESSMAN

From the South Admits that Mr. Cleveland is Right.

Judge Lawson is Interviewed By a Reporter and Expresses His Views.

Congressman Lawson, of Georgia, who has voted for free coinage of silver because his constituents wanted it, admits in the following interview the correctness of Mr. Cleveland's position on the repeal of the Sherman act and gives the reasons why we cannot now have free coinage without international agreement. Democrats who have been disposed to criticize the President should read and study it. The interview is doubtless authentic as it is reported by Mr. E. W. Barrett, the Washington correspondent of the Atlanta Constitution.

Washington, April 16.—Special.—In response to a query Judge Lawson said today that he expected to be a candidate for re-election if the people in his district were satisfied with his course in congress.

"Do you think that congress will carry out the Chicago platform?" was asked.

"Certainly I do. As far as practicable it has carried it out. 1. It has repealed the federal election laws. 2. The house has passed a tariff bill reducing taxes and it will, no doubt, go through the senate. 3. The appropriation bills provide for the reduction of expenditures. 4. The purchase clause of the Sherman law has been repealed.

"The last act was demanded by the platform, and was right in itself, though many people disapprove it. That law required the monthly purchase of a given quantity of silver bullion and its storage in the treasury until such time as it could be coined for the redemption of the treasury notes that were issued in payment for it. It was supposed that the purchase of that quantity of silver would advance its bullion value to its coin value, and that the treasury notes which were created for the purpose of paying for the bullion could then be redeemed in silver dollars coined from the bullion. But contrary to expectations silver continued to decline and every purchase of the government resulted in loss, and the secretary of the treasury decided to pay these treasury notes in gold. In other words the treasurer decided that justice and good faith required the government to redeem these notes at precisely the same value that it received for them when they were first issued. Enough silver was purchased under this law to coin over \$200,000,000, and owing to the low price to which silver bullion had declined, to the fact that all nations of the earth, except Mexico, China and Japan, had ceased to coin silver, and to the further fact that the purchase of silver and the issue of treasury notes under the law were to proceed without limitation as to amount, the capitalists of this country began to insist that the credit of the country could not sustain so much paper money, and that, in consequence, we would descend to silver monometallism and be unable to redeem our paper money in gold which is the money of commerce everywhere. They, therefore, began to hoard gold, and gold certificates, and to draw from the treasury on greenbacks and the treasury notes mentioned, its gold reserve which was held for the security of its paper money. The effect of this movement was to contract the currency, to alarm men of large business enterprises and to bring on the panic. The law which was intended by its promoters to expand the currency and to augment the value of silver had, after an experience of three years, precisely the opposite effect. It seems to me that the first impulse would have favored its repeal. Business

men in their own affairs, when they find the pursuit of any given scheme unprofitable, or detrimental to their interests, usually turn about and adopt other measures as soon as possible. The democrats in the house did so, but in the senate the delay was so long that the country lost much of the advantages that would have been derived from prompt action.

"We may insist that the capitalists were wrong in their conclusions. Perhaps they were. I think that they were. But they had the money, they had the power to do what they proposed to do, and neither the president nor congress could prevent them. The wisest thing that we could do, therefore, was to remove the temptation and deprive them of any excuse for withdrawing their money from circulation.

"The capitalists have the power, if persisted in, to withdraw every dollar of the gold reserve in the treasury. Under the Sherman law they had power to sell silver for treasury notes at one window of the treasury and immediately demand gold in payment of the notes at another and their claim, or pretended claim, would have brought this country to silver monometallism, than which no greater financial catastrophe could befall it. That means that the value of all silver coin and the silver certificates (and we have but little other money at the south) would at once fall to the bullion value of silver, that is to say, it would lose more than one-half the purchasing value it now has as money and all better money would vanish from circulation. This is not speculation. The fact is plainly demonstrated by the condition of Mexico, where silver monometallism prevails today, and of other countries in like condition. The Mexican silver dollar contains more pure silver than the United States silver dollar, and is, therefore, of greater value as a commodity of commerce, yet one United States silver dollar in Mexico is worth as coin, and will pass current for, two Mexican silver dollars. I mean to say that it will buy twice as much in Mexico as their own dollar, which is richer in silver. Why is this so? Because the Mexican dollar, though a legal tender, only passes, in the purchase of articles for what the silver in it is worth, while the United States dollar, though not a legal tender in Mexico, passes for its bullion value, plus a sufficient amount in United States credit to raise its value to 100 cents. There is no credit behind the Mexican dollar to supplement its bullion value, but the United States has pledged the world to maintain its gold and silver coins on a parity with each other and has the ability to make good the pledge. The United States silver dollar has 48 cents of silver and 52 cents of credit in it, and so long as its credit is good the silver dollar will be as good as any other dollar. If the government were to refuse, or fail in its ability to maintain the parity our silver money would at once fall to its bullion value, or as some inaccurately express the same phenomenon, gold would appreciate in value. Its legal tender quality would remain, but one-half its purchasing power would be lost.

"Why don't congress carry out the balance of the platform relating to the coinage of silver?"

"Because to the extent that it is practicable to carry it out nobody wants it done. It is a free coinage platform but provides conditions to govern the coinage. 1. 'Gold and silver may both be coined without cost of mintage, but the dollar unit of both metals must be of equal intrinsic value.' That means that there must be a dollar's worth of metal in both dollars coined. The silver dollar thus coined would be more than twice as heavy as our existing dollar. 2. 'If less than a dollar's worth of metal is put in the dollar its value and currency and equality with gold must be guaranteed by safe guards of legislation.' That means

that the treasurer must have power to buy gold, if necessary, to sustain the credit of the government while carrying money whose real value is far below its coinage value. There is not a free silver advocate in congress who would vote for either one of these propositions and hence I say that the passage of the Bland bill was the nearest approach to the platform, and it does not become the friends of silver to abuse us for not doing more. 3. The platform also provides that the value of the coin may be adjusted through international agreement; that is, that it shall be sustained by the credit of the agreeing nations, irrespective of its real value. If all the mints in the world were open to the free coinage of silver there is no doubt that it would maintain a definite ratio in value to gold. If the mints of one country alone could maintain its value in free coinage, then the Mexican dollar would be worth more, not less, than the United States dollar.

## Editorial Notes.

Striking Polish workmen created a riot in Detroit, Mich., the 18th inst., and the Sheriff of the county and foreman of the city sewer force were fatally injured. Two of the strikers were killed and fifteen wounded.

The Democratic State Convention of Oregon adopted a platform on the 18th inst. which endorses the administration of President Cleveland, favors an income tax, declares for bimetalism without specifying free coinage and upholds the course of the party in Congress as to tariff reform.

Congressman Meyers, of Louisiana, has introduced a bill for the coinage of the seigniorage, which it is said meets the approval of the President and Secretary Carlisle.

The Coxy wing of the army of the Commonwealth is in a few days march of Washington and others are approaching by train. The Senators are discussing the question as to what shall be done with them when they arrive.

In the State Democratic Convention at Nashville, the 18th inst., a resolution was introduced approving the course of Senators Bate and Harris on the silver question and disapproving the course of President Cleveland on the same, and disapproving also of some of his appointments. The resolution was referred to a committee. The convention then nominated Supreme Court Judges and adjourned without taking up the resolution. The Atlanta Constitution sings loud in its head lines over the introduction of the resolution; but very low indeed over the contemptuous manner in which a Democratic convention treated it.

President Cleveland is the head and foremost representative of the Democratic party. Consequently he is the target for abuse by Republicans and Populists. Kill the head and the body dies. Why will Democrats, who love their party, join its enemies in attack on the head of their party, while yet the policies of the President are on trial and the question yet undetermined as to whether he is right or wrong? No prominent Democrat who has attacked him has failed to say that he believes Cleveland to be an honest man. An honest man could not by possibility conspire with the rich men of the country to oppress the poor. When once his critics admit that he is an honest man, then they must perform admit that the difference arising over what he is pleased to do and what they would be pleased to have him do, is only a question of good judgment between him and them. Time alone can vindicate the wisdom of his financial policy and show who is right and who is wrong. It may develop in the course of time that he is not so great a statesman as some of his critics, but that fact has not yet been dem-

onstrated. Meantime would it not be well for the rank and file of the Democratic party to suspend judgment and leave to Kolb and his crowd all this abuse of the President. It may be that the policy of the President will, as it is designed to do, force an early adjustment of the silver question by international agreement. If such should be the case he will be heralded from one end of the land to the other as the greatest statesman of the country. And then Democrats who are now abusing him will be put to shame. Go slow Democrats, and don't give aid and comfort to the enemy by abusing your President.

## Curbsome Politics.

"Things seem to be drifting to an administration and anti-administration fight in Alabama," said a gentleman on the streets Thursday. A gentleman who heard the remark replied:

"No fact is better settled than that the Alabama Democracy in convention assembled will refuse to go back on the head of the party. It would be suicidal to do so. It would be a plea of guilty to the indictment of the Republicans and Populists. It would disgust working Democrats and elect Kolb, who now personifies both Republican and Populist opposition to the Democratic party and its administrative head. The Democratic State Convention will follow a time-honored custom and endorse the head of the party. Candidates for State office who want to 'knife' the administration by withholding such endorsement can of necessity stand no show; for it would be highly illogical for the party to endorse the Administration, and at the same time put men on the stump who would not defend it and who would perforce be silent when Kolb and his speakers should pour in broadsides of abuse against it."

"Oh, they are all taking back water," said another. "Cleveland has already become an honest man with them and we shall soon hear them saying he is a very great and patriotic man. It has been discovered that talk which suits the Populites and Radicals in Alabama does not please reflecting Democrats, and candidates quickly accommodate their expressions to suit the mood of the people. Cleveland is really stronger with the Democracy of Alabama than any candidate for State office and these gentlemen are fast finding it out."

"I am for the Democratic President right or wrong," said another. "He is doing his best for the country honestly and, as he knows better how to run it than I do, I am willing to trust him to the end of his administration. If he don't pan out right, then I am for dropping him and taking up some other Democrat. Meantime I do not pretend to set up my judgment against the man whom the National Democracy has three times declared to be the foremost statesman in the United States. Even his enemies admit that he is an honest man; and I am never afraid to risk my interests with an honest man when I am convinced he knows more about the matter in hand than I do."

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"Why don't we have a call of the County Executive Committee?" said a gentleman, from the country. "In times past we did not have so much secrecy, mystery and delay. The Committee meetings were then held early in the canvass and the doors were open to all good democrats to hear what Committee men had to say. It is not so now, and the country beats are beginning to believe there is some monkey work going on to deprive them of their full representation by some departure from the basis of apportionment as fixed by the last State Convention.

Some of these committeemen will lose their official heads if they do not act square in this and other matters. The Democratic party tolerates no trickery on the part of its agents. The press of the

county ought to urge an early meeting of the committee and let us know on what we may depend as to basis of apportionment and qualifications."

"If the Democrats nominate a certain man for Governor, I am not going to vote for him," said a zealous partisan of one of the gubernatorial candidates, the other day.

"Then you should not be allowed to participate in your beat meeting," replied one of the old blue hen's chickens.

"When it gets down to Calhoun county matters," said another, "I am always for the man who didn't see Tom Gault's dog. I never could stomach politically a man who saw that dog." Hereon hangs an old war joke that members of the old Tenth Alabama regiment will remember.

A gentleman related to the writer the following conversation he heard between two men the other day, as illustrative of the thoughtless and reckless criticism of our Democratic president just now on the part of some Democrats. "After the two friends had exchanged greetings, one of them said to the other:

"Well, Cleveland has played h—l again."

"How? I hadn't heard of it."

"Haven't heard of it? Why man he has vetoed the seigniorage bill."

"Vetoed what?"

"The seigniorage bill."

"What is the seigniorage bill?"

"I don't know."

## LIST OF JURORS

DRAWN TO SERVE AT THE SPRING TERM OF CIRCUIT COURT.

GRAND JURORS.

W H Dean	G M Caution
T H Martin	David Privett
E D Melharg	D P Williams
W D Holcomb	J A Huse
Samuel Fall	E D McClellan
J W Glazner	W W Woodruff
R W McFry	T H Arnett
George Roiland	A M Whiteside
T A Smith	O M Davenport
J W Alkridge	Quilman Read
	Green Duke.

PETIT JURORS—1ST WEEK.

G W Allison	J T Burgess
J W Prater	Wm Huse
J R Harbin	Wesley Boozer
J W Bagley	James Johnson
T C Crossley	S B Arnold
W B Acker	M S White
J S England	A M Morgan
W A Baird	G W Fleming
J E Bright	T S Bagley
M H Abbott	E Vaughn
A J Boswell	Abe Champignon
B F Brown	J B Allen
E M Carpenter	L T Allen
J E Callahan	C L Lawrence
J H Price	W T Golden

SECOND WEEK.

S L Davis	S J Williams
J W Norton	T H Allsup
Ed C Austin	M L Weaver
G W Bell	W S Ayers
J H Draper	M C Parker
R S Brittan	G H Rowan
J D Bryant	J H Morgan
J H Cooper	J W Skelton
J F Oldham	V L Weir
J L Durell	Pink Watson
L N Downing	J F Hubbard
R H Griffin	J S Morris
Elisha Johnson	R L Pendergrass
T W Garner	F H Watson
J T Gipson	S K Cunningham

THIRD WEEK.

W J Carter	J D McCormick
G T Robertson	S P Howard
J P Robinett	W B Teague
C B Nowlen	J W Davis
Wm Egnans	H T Emerson
J A Stephens	H S Martin
W J Harrison	J A Hudson
T M Elden	F M Parish
T M Evans	J A W Galaway
G B Kelly	J M Hines
James Little	W T Allen
Coley Stewart	W H Ward
J C Poe	T A Anderson
Cal Chandler	S J Stevenson
D W Dickert	W H Mangham

Now, school is going steady and the boys are neck-and-neck. For they're busy making ready for the usual "burning deck."

And now full many a region "Sir John Moore's Burial" hears; And "the Soldier of the Legion" is "dying in Algiers!"

And as of old the fur flew, It will still fly out of sight; For we hope to hear that "Curfew Shall not ring tonight!"

## IN THE TOWN

Items too Small For a Separate Head.

What the People of Jacksonville and Vicinity are doing Condensed into Crisp Paragraphs.

"Don't talk to me," she said, "I knew that in my chest I had a rose, but I don't care to match it with that blossom on your nose."

Major Vernon is seriously ill. Miss Annie Stevenson has been visiting in Anniston.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Montgomery on the 18th, a son.

It is thought that Capt. Johnston will speak here some time during court.

C. A. Sharpe, of Piedmont, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in the city.

Don't forget the entertaining lecture to be delivered in the college on April 27th.

Chancery Court has been in session here this week, Chancellor McSpadden presiding.

C. E. Bondurant has been in Birmingham this week attending a meeting of Knights of Pythias.

A party of Jacksonvilleans will go up to Piedmont Sunday morning to hear Bishop Duncan preach.

Rev. M. H. Lane has been in Birmingham this week attending the Knights of Pythias convention.

Col. Ed. G. Caldwell has offered a billy-goat as a prize to the best drilled four in the Jacksonville Detachment.

Somerich citizen can show his generosity and patriotism by presenting the Detachment with a prize medal.

Mrs. Maggie Green, matron of the Central Female College, has resigned the position and come back to Jacksonville.

Drs. John M. Crook and T. W. Ayers attended the meeting of the State Medical Association in Birmingham this week.

Mrs. J. W. Burke and Miss Maggie Burke are in Hot Springs, Ark., spending a month for the benefit of their health.

NOTICE—I will be in Jacksonville during the first week of court well prepared to practice my profession.—J. P. Allgood, dentist.

Only two arrests have been made by the city marshal of Jacksonville since last fall. We certainly must have a peaceable population.

J. A. Gaboury was at home for a few days this week. He reports work on his \$100,000 sewerage contract at Macon progressing at a rapid rate.

The measures of the soldier boys have been taken and sent to Jacob Reed's Sons, New York. The blue new uniforms will be here in a month.

Woodson Martin and C. S. McGinnis contemplate entering the law department of the University of Alabama at the beginning of the next session.

Rev. James H. Leslie, of this place, preached the opening sermon before the Methodist District Conference which convened in Piedmont on Thursday.

Prof. Jacob Forney and the geology class of the College, accompanied by several other students, visited the caves at Weaver's Station last Monday.

Col. W. J. Alexander, of Piedmont, who is now connected with the East & West railroad in the capacity of general claim agent, was in Jacksonville Tuesday.

Messrs. Ben Frank, George Crow, Floyd Henderson, B. J. Matthews and John Jinks spent the week on a fishing excursion to Tatum's Lake in Etowah county.

A special car with the Railroad Commissioners and high railroad officials passed up the East Tennessee road Wednesday. The party made a short stop at Jacksonville.

Prof. and Mrs. C. B. Gibson arrived in Jacksonville Tuesday and are occupying their pretty resi-

dence on North Main Street. Their many friends here are glad to welcome them back again.

Fare for veterans to the reunion at Birmingham will be \$2.25 for the round trip from Jacksonville by the E. & W. or \$2.28 by way of Anniston from this point.

Be sure and attend the meeting of Camp Martin at the courthouse, at p. m., Saturday, the 21st inst. Business of importance relating to the great reunion will come up.

Messrs. W. V. Montgomery and Iverson Watson have finished their contract of painting the bridges along the line of the Chattanooga Southern, and are at home.

This session of the Central Female College, of Tuscaloosa, will close on the first of May, and the Jacksonville young ladies there, Misses Ida and Annie Crook and Mary Ramagnano, will be awarded diplomas.

Laborers are at work erecting scaffolding around the Episcopal church steeple. The cross on the summit is to be taken down and regilded, and other ornamental work done. In the last two years St. Luke's has been converted into a beautiful and artistic structure. Jacksonville is a city of pretty churches and St. Luke's is one of the prettiest.

Judge Cassidy, Judge Johnston, Messrs. Mathews and Whiteside, D. D. McLeod, Pelham Agee, Mr. Blackwell and Capt. Jas. H. Savage, of Anniston, and William Brock, of Piedmont, and B. B. Bridges, of Edwardville, were the lawyers from other places in attendance at Chancery court here this week.

The 6 o'clock closing movement is being agitated. A majority of the clerks belong to the military organization, and as afternoon drills on the College campus are to be instituted, it is strictly necessary for the shops to close in order that the commercial men may attend. "And then its deuced unpleasant to dine and dress by a decent calling hour if you can't begin in time, don't you know," as one of them said.

At a meeting of Camp James B. Martin, United Confederate Veterans in the courthouse here Saturday, Commander J. H. Caldwell, presiding, the following were chosen delegates to the reunion at Birmingham: Messrs J. H. Caldwell, H. L. Stevenson, L. W. Grant, Jason Scott and Green B. Skelton; alternates, Messrs S. R. Wilkerson, D. Z. Goodlett, Wm. H. Dean, David Jennings and Wm. Driskill. A number of old veterans of the Camp, besides the delegates and alternates will attend, and participate in the joyous reunion.

## URGES SECESSION.

Plea for Establishment of a New Government of Western States.

LINCOLN, NEB., April 16.—The text of a remarkable letter, addressed to Governor Waite and the legislature of Colorado is made public by the press of this city. The author is a resident of Oklahoma, but formerly of Lincoln. It is a call for the secession of all states west of the Mississippi, and its author claims it will be signed by prominent men in Texas, Kansas, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado and other states. What action Governor Waite will take is mere conjecture.

The letter reviews the history of the United States for the past twenty-five years and suggests that the country is too unwieldy to be governed by one executive. The interests of the western states are antagonistic to those of the east, and the silver of the former has been legislated into a valueless commodity. The country surges with communistic doctrine and the poor are crying for bread. Before the 60s slaves enriched their owners by their labors, but today the white slaves of the west are struggling to fill the capacious maws of eastern plutocracy.

It states that the remedy lies in the dissolution of the union and the organization of a separate government in the west. Make Galveston the New York of the new republic; call a session of congress and withdraw peacefully if possible, but if force is necessary the west is just as well equipped as the east and will be able to fight its own battles.

The letter advises that its views are coincided in by leading men in twenty western states, and the singers believe that secession is the solution of the labor, silver and the western problems.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.











## LATE STATE NEWS

A little daughter of Mr. G. W. Cox, of Roanoke, fell and broke one of the bones in her arm.

The Commissioners' Court of Butler county are contemplating enlarging the jail of that county.

The ice factory at Troy has started up and will be prepared to keep people cool during the summer.

J. J. Bruce of Pike county killed a bald eagle last week that measured 5 feet 6 inches from tip to tip.

Burwell Boykin of Tilden, Dallas county, lost his barn by fire to gether with 250 bushels of corn and five head of horses.

There will be a Teachers' Institute held at the Mt. Zion school house, two miles from Honorville, the first Saturday in May.

Mr. M. A. Mason has been appointed registrar for Jefferson county to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. L. C. Harrison.

The contract has been let in Troy for the erection of the pumping station, extension of the light plant and the putting in of a reservoir.

The First Methodist church, Birmingham, has given its pastor, Dr. Morris, a vacation of several weeks which he will use in visiting Europe.

Miss Annie Zeigler of Mobile stood the entrance examination at the University and has entered the sophomore class for a full classical course.

The basket factory at Fort Payne has orders piled up to keep them running for weeks but getting timber to work up is troubling them somewhat.

The store of B. M. Long & Co., at Cordova, was set on fire twice in one night recently, but both times the fire was discovered in time to prevent much damage.

Books have been opened for subscriptions to the "Opelika and Auburn Electric Railway Company," and it is thought that the road will be put through.

During a difficulty between Jas. Whitlock and John Gray at Lime Rock, over a piece of property in which both were interested, the latter was fatally stabbed.

The residence of Mrs. Ellen Boggs at Guntersville, was badly damaged by fire last Sunday night. The contents of the front rooms were saved in a damaged condition.

A great many counties throughout the State are shipping printed matter to Chicago for Commissioner Lane to distribute throughout the Northwest during his trip.

While skylarking on a moving dummy train at Birmingham Mr. E. C. Milner fell between the cars and one of his legs was so badly crushed as to necessitate amputation.

The Greenville Advocate says the Greenville Rifle Company is taking on new life and activity. They will give a picnic and have a prize drill at the fair grounds some time next month.

Mr. Henry Allen of Selma fell between two moving cars and his right leg was so badly crushed that it had to be amputated just below the knee and his right foot was badly crushed.

Marshal Walden of Roanoke captured thirteen negro gamblers in one lot a few nights ago. The Leader says there are some white gamblers in the place that need looking after as badly as the negroes.

Mr. C. K. Keith of Geneva will not try to act as peacemaker again for awhile. Two dogs were fighting and in his trying to separate them had three fingers badly lacerated by one of the fighters.

United States Commissioner B. W. Briggs of Anniston has been suspended for sending up cases to the United States court where the witnesses were unreliable and said Commissioner had reason to believe.

J. M. Head, who was confined in jail at Ozark, walked out of the door a few days ago and locked the jailer in and went to the hotel and got himself a room and went to bed. He said he had some business to attend to and that was his only chance.

Notice has been given that the spring term of court for Blount county will not be held, Judge Tally having decided not to hold any more courts while the impeachment proceedings against him are pending.

Mr. Sam W. Catfish announced as the local editor of "The Chilton View."

The Louisville and Nashville Road is to build a new depot at Columbiana.

For the first time in years there is not a prisoner in the Shelby county jail.

The Beacon is decidedly in favor of building an opera house in Greensboro.

A. M. Avery of Hale county has been appointed receiver of public moneys at Huntsville.

Mr. Robert Bartee of Etowah caught a sturgeon one day last week that weighed 135 pounds.

Col. Denson is to deliver a few speeches in his district during the month of May.

Mrs. Adele McCarty of Demopolis lost her stables and out-houses by fire one night last week.

An Epworth League has been organized in Carrollton with a membership of twenty to start with.

Mr. George A. Leftwich has bought the bucket factory at Florence and will convert it into a saw mill.

On the 30th of this month the voters of Centre will decide the question of incorporation or no incorporation.

The women of Florence have a "Hard Times Club." There ought not to be any trouble to fill up the ranks.

There are seventy-six cases on the civil docket of the Sumter circuit court and thirty-five on the criminal docket.

May 1st mail service will be established between Huntsville and Guntersville which will be quite a convenience.

In a dispute over a ditch, a few days ago, Dave Kaigler was shot and killed by John Dudley of Sumter county.

Marion is now putting on style. They are to have water works, and now an ice factory is the talk and then electric lights.

The Siftings says: "When Dothan wants an enterprise she always has the pluck to get it—when she wants it right."

Charles Williams, a colored mail-carrier in Mobile, was cowhided by a lady a few ago for improper talk to her.

Notwithstanding the late freeze the Brewster Canning and Packing Company are going right ahead with their preparations for a good season's business.

The citizens of York made up a purse of \$200 to offer a reward for the parties who set fire to the residence of Mr. J. A. McConnell Wednesday night of last week.

The Prattville Cotton Factory has purchased a new wheel for their water power and the supposition is they will not have to use their steam power any more.

While Mr. W. M. Hall of Marietta county was cutting down a tree a falling limb struck him on the head crushing his skull and causing death in about twelve hours.

While out hunting, Master Frank Spangler of Leighton dropped his gun, which was discharged, and now he is laid up in bed waiting for one of his feet to "heel."

The Talladega Rifles have received their new uniforms and are very proud of them. The company now numbers fifty-six and much interest is manifested by the members.

The Mobile police recovered a diamond pin a few days ago that had been lost two years ago. It had been found on the streets by a lady and by her given to a young man.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis and Miss Winnie will not be at the Confederate reunion in Birmingham, Mrs. Davis' health being such as not to allow her to attempt the trip. This will be a sad disappointment to thousands of old Confederates.

A young man named Otto Wetzel of Cullman was run over and killed by an engine at New Decatur a few days ago. He and some of his friends were waiting around the depot for a freight to start, when an engine was backed up and killed him.

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.** The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

## COMMENTS

Of Those Who Have Been Cured or Greatly Benefitted by Using the Electropoise

Capt. T. H. Hobart, conductor on the Louisville & Nashville railroad, Decatur, Ala., used it on his baby for nervousness and indigestion, the doctors having said the child could not possibly live a week. From the first application of the Electropoise he began to improve, and now, after two weeks use of it he is entirely recovered.

B. F. Land, Dothan used it for paralysis and has been wonderfully improved in every way. Says: "I fully believe that the Electropoise is all in all to the sick and will do all that is claimed for it."

George S. Vatrout, Mobile: "The Electropoise has been of great value to me, curing me of a distressing case of hay fever of ten years' standing, and my entire household use it as a prompt cure for colds, fever, sore throat and violent pains." Joseph Williams, Stevenson: "The Electropoise has entirely cured my rheumatism, and my general health is much improved."

Rev. S. J. Knowles, Headland: "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

A similar list could be given from other states. There are many others, but the testimony of such men ought to convince the most skeptical. Don't impose upon their time and patience. It is our business.

Consultation and advice free. DuBois & Webb, 1911 1/2 First avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

Send for circulars—free.

## See the World's Fair for 15c.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the world's Columbian Exposition, the regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book.

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO., Chicago, Ill.

## A Noble Example.

We would like to see Col. H. H. Hadly, of New York, and shake his hand. We have never met him, but are sure he is both a gentleman and a Christian. His example in moral courage would have been a lesson to both Adam and Breckenridge.

It seems in his early days Col. Hadly was neither a Christian nor a very exemplary man. He went wrong—and who has not? But after seeing the error of his way, he asked the forgiveness of God and man, and felt that he had the forgiveness of God, but not of a woman he had formerly met. Last week while conducting a large religious meeting in that city, the woman in question came down the aisle, and there in the meeting denounced Col. Hadly as a hypocrite. The police started to arrest her and carry her out of the building. "No," said Col. Hadly.

"It is a sad thing to have to admit, but the words of that woman are the words of truth. She is only in the date. It was twenty five years ago that the sin of which she speaks was committed. As you all know, I was then an active soldier in the ranks of Satan. I led a life of debauchery. My sins were as the sands of the seashore. I was fast going to ruin, but the ray of saving grace searched me out and I was saved. Since the hand of God was reached out to me I have tried to make amends for the wrongs of my misguided youth. I have done atonement as much as lay in my power. It is sad that this sin should now assail me, when the memory of it had almost been effaced by the saving grace of the Lord."

It took moral courage to do it. It was so much easier to say "stone the woman." It was so much more of the true man, however, not to do so. And who does not think more of Col. Hadly for not doing so? Who does not believe that he is really converted, and is living the Christianity he professes? Such an example can but be admired of men and sanctioned by the God he worships.—Bridgeport News.

## All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. For sale at all the drug stores.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

# What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

**Castoria.**

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osceola, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quick nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KINCHELOE, CORVAT, Ark.

**Castoria.**

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

Dr. A. Anderson, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

## JACKSONVILLE ICE WORKS,

S. S. WYLY, Manager.

# ICE.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE PUREST AND COLDEST ON THE EARTH.

# ICE.

PRICES FOR THE SUMMER:

100 lbs. for 50 cts.
50 lbs. for 30 cts.
25 lbs. for 20 cts.

In quantities of less than 25 lbs., one cent per lb., delivered.

## S. R. WILKERSON

# Livery and Feed Stable,

## JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

\* \* Fine horses and carriages always ready for use. Commercial men given special attention.

## DELINQUENT TAXES.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers and real estate upon which taxes are due and wherein is reported as assessed to "Overseer Unknown" and to the following persons, real estate as follows to-wit:

PRECINCT NO. 1.

Jane Ashley, lot 1, block 10, lot 14 block 37, Jacksonville, taxes 45c cost 17c, adv 50c.

Chapman & Gale, lots 18-19, block 112, Jacksonville, taxes 90c, cost 17c, adv 57c.

E. L. Lamoureux, lot 5, block 64, Jacksonville, taxes 25c, cost 17c, adv 56c.

Mrs. M. B. Moore, lot 6, block 64, Jacksonville, taxes 25c, cost 17c, adv 56c.

J. W. McDaniel, lot 2, block 359, Jacksonville, tax 33c, cost 17c, adv 56c.

H. Montgomery, lot 9, block 10, lot 13, block 47, lot 15-16, block 104, lot 17-18, block 111, lot 19-20, block 298, Jacksonville, tax 1 1/2, cost 2 20, adv 110.

W. J. Patterson, lot 15, block 371, lot 5, block 310, Jacksonville, tax 31c, cost 17c, adv 65c.

J. D. & James Riggs, lot 2, block 95, lot 3, block 58, lot 13, block 59, lot 15-16, block 103, lot 1, block 346, Jacksonville, tax 22c, cost 2 20, adv 110.

T. J. Scott, Trustee, lot 3, block 357, Jacksonville, tax 23c, cost 17c, adv 56c.

Miss Mary Sanders, SW 1/4 NW 1/4, sec 20, T. 14, R. 9, tax 90c, cost 17c, adv 64c.

John Varco, lot 10 and 11, block 81, Jacksonville, tax 27c, cost 2 20, adv 56c.

Nancy Welch, col. 1 acre lot, Van St., W. by Ellis Pierce, S. by Jeff Murray, Jacksonville, tax 46c, cost 17c, adv 60c.

Lizzie Weaver col. W 1/2 SE 1/4 and SE 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 27, T. 14, R. 8, tax 1 80 cost 17c, adv 92c.

PRECINCT NO. 2.

Francis Love col. 3 acres in S W corner SW 1/4 SE 1/4, 23, T. 14, R. 7 tax 30c, cost 17c, adv 89c.

R. M. Parris, Half interest in Mineral right in S 1/2 SW 1/4 Sec. 7, T. 14, R. 8, E 1/2 NW 1/4, Sec. 18, T. 14, R. 8, 11 1/2 Rods east side W 1/2 of NW 1/4 Sec. 13, T. 14, R. 8, tax 27c, cost 17c, adv 100.

Mrs. C. J. Shirley, W 1/2 SW 1/4, less right of way of L. & N. Railroad, Sec. 14, T. 15, R. 7, tax 285c, cost 17c, adv 100.

Mat Walker col. 2 acres SE corner of SE 1/4 Sec. 22, T. 14, R. 7, tax 23c, cost 2 20, adv 83c.

PRECINCT NO. 3.

Alex. T. Curtis col. E 1/2 of Sec 24, T. 15, R. 8, tax 1 80, cost 2 20, adv 88c.

PRECINCT NO. 5.

G. D. Barkdale, E 1/2 NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 and NE 1/4 of SW 1/4 Sec. 3, T. 16, R. 6, tax 2 81, cost 17c, adv 104c.

PRECINCT NO. 10.

Henry Gaines, Est., N 1/2 SW 1/4 Sec. 13, T. 18, R. 7, tax 1 30, cost 2 20, adv 73c.

Owner Unknown, SW 1/4 of NW 1/4



## MOTHER'S FRIEND

LESSENS PAIN—INSURES SAFETY TO LIFE OF MOTHER AND CHILD.

My wife, after having used Mother's Friend, passed through the ordeal with little pain, was stronger in one hour than in a week after the birth of her former child. J. J. McGoldrick, Beans Sta., Tenn.

Mother's Friend robbed pain of its terror and shortened labor. I have the healthiest child I ever saw.

Mrs. L. M. ABBEY, Cochran, Ga.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, 15c per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

For Sale by all Druggists.

## Probate Court Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term 10th day of April 1894.

This day came S. D. G. Brothers Administrator of the estate of Susanah Landrum deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 7th day of May A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 7th day of May A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

apr-10-3t

## THE WILMER

W. A. CAMP, MANAGER, COR. 10TH AND WILMER STS. ANNISTON, ALA.

Mr. Camp invites the public throughout the county to stop with him and will treat them right. Rates—\$2.00 a day.

## I AM OFFERING

Flour at \$3.10 per barrel.  
Sugar at 25 pounds for \$1.00.  
German millet Tennessee grown at \$1.50. Western at 1.20.—Now is the time to sow millet.

My Motto is: "SELL 'EM LOW AND LET 'EM GO."

# C. J. PORTER.

## 1894 SPRING SEASON

For the ladies—

We have received for early Spring wear, a grand line of woolen dress goods in all the latest styles and newest colorings. In cotton dress goods we have the most beautiful assortment ever received in this city, in all the newest designs. Standard Prints from 4-12 cents up. Silk, Linen, Thread and Cotton Laces in cream and white to match every style of dress goods. Hosiery, Corsets, gloves, Embroideries, White Goods—everything new.

## For the men—

We have received a grand assortment of Sack and Frock suits, latest cut which we will sell from

# FIVE TO FIFTEEN DOLLARS EACH.

Negligee and white shirts, scarfs, ties, collars, cuffs, hats and caps

## For the boys—

We have received a beautiful line of suits from 4 to 14 years which we will sell from \$1.25 TO \$5.00 A SUIT. Shirt waists, hats shoes and caps, all of which we will sell at low prices.

# ULLMAN BROS.

## EVERYTHING READY.

Our Stock is now complete and we are ready to show you the choicest line of Clothing for Men, Boys and Children we have ever shown.

You will find our counters laden with the latest styles in fabric. The fit and finish is strictly in keeping with the well known high standard of our goods. We have all the latest cuts—Picadilly, Regent, Longskirted Frocks &c., in plain and fancy chevrons plain and silk, mixed worsteds, venetian cloth &c. In our stock of Furnishing Goods you will find everything that is new and nobby.

We take pride in our Neckwear and assure you that here you can find just the thing you want. Negligee Shirts are cheaper this season than ever before. We have them with detached collars, in all desirable patterns. Everything in Hats, Straw and Fur, in all shapes. You want your Spring outfit for Easter. Come in and let us fix you up. Our prices are extremely low this season. "Hard time" prices rule the day.

# THE FAMOUS,

## MENS' OUTFITTERS.

Cor. Noble and 10th Streets, Anniston, Alabama.

## ATTENTION, STOCK MEN!

Having consummated arrangements with Mr. J. H. Vinton, of Cartersville, Ga., for the use of his Kentucky bred stallion, Decree Chief, I respectfully and earnestly tender to the citizens of Calhoun county and the adjoining county, who have good mares, an opportunity of breeding to one of the most superior bred trotting stallions in America, and produce the only Dictator Stallion in the South, and of thereby embracing a chance to secure a first-class roadster, if not a race horse.

## DEGREE CHIEF

Will make the season of 1894 at the Model City stables in Anniston, Ala., upon the following terms: Twenty dollars for the season, due when mare is first bred, with the privilege of returning her until season closes, if she fails to get in foal by the first service. Twenty dollars for insurance, due when mare is known to be in foal, or is parted with. If mare money has been paid and stallion living and I keep him. Respectfully, L. G. JONES.

Let me say to one people that in the pedigree, which can be seen at my stables, of Decree Chief, who is not yet grown, but who has been bred all the way back to old bloodlines have and before this time a very low mark to his credit, for he has sired a trotting stallion, who is beyond dispute, the grandest trotting horse now living, and the world has ever produced, and he reached that lofty pinnacle at four years of age.



# Jacksonville Republican

ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1894.

VOLUME 58

## AT BIRMINGHAM

The Fourth Reunion of Confederate Veterans a Glorious Success

## WAS THE LARGEST EVER HELD

Brave Old Soldiers Fight Their Battles Over More Than 20,000 Strong

The great reunion is over and the veterans are returning to their homes full of joy and happiness after having been reunited with their old comrades and gazing again on the faces of their old commanders. Not all of them were there, many of them having answered to the last roll call, but tender memories were awakened and the valiant deeds recounted of the heroes who have passed away.

More than 20,000 ex-Confederates were in Birmingham, every Confederate state being represented and 470 U. C. V. camps. Officers of every rank were there, except that of full general, all of that rank having passed away.

A great deal was accomplished at this meeting of the veterans toward establishing a true history of the civil war and perpetuating in literature the valiant deeds of Southern heroes.

Representative young men from about twenty counties in Alabama met and organized the Sons of Confederates of Alabama. The aims of the organization other than to promote social relations among the sons of Alabama's veterans are to perpetuate the memory of the fighters for the lost cause, to provide for the sustenance of old confederates who might need support and tender care, and to see that the true history of our fathers' patriotic work is circulated and handed down to future generations.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: General commander in chief, Rufus N. Rhodes, of Jefferson; lieutenant general, Henry D. Clayton, of Barbour; major general, Merritt K. Clements, of Limestone; first brigadier general, Francis L. Pettus, of Dallas; second brigadier general, R. B. Kelly, of Calhoun; quarter-master general, Joseph H. Montgomery, of Jefferson; inspector general, J. A. Rountree, of Morgan; surgeon general, Hawkins Westmoreland, of Limestone; commissary general, R. P. Wetmore, of Jefferson; chaplain general, Rev. D. B. Gray, of Jefferson; judge advocate general, George B. Johnson, of Perry.

A resolution was adopted that camps of Sons of Confederates be organized in every county in Alabama, and a committee was appointed to see that this is done.

The following was the official order of exercises:

PROGRAM APRIL 25.

Convention called to order at 9 a. m. at Winnie Davis wigwam by Maj Gen F. S. Ferguson, Alabama division.

1. Prayer by the chaplain general.

2. Address of welcome by his excellency, Thomas G. Jones, governor of Alabama.

3. Address of welcome by Hon David J. Fox, mayor of Birmingham.

4. Response by Gen John B. Gordon commander in chief of United Confederate Veterans.

5. Enrollment of delegates and permanent organization of convention.

6. Business of the convention.

AFTERNOON—2 P. M.

7. "Veteran's South," poem by Henry Clay Fairman.

8. Address by Senator Berry of Arkansas and Gen C. Evans of Georgia.

9. Resumption of business by convention.

EVENING—7:30 O'CLOCK.

10. Tableau of states and concert at wigwam.

will pass the commander-in-chief, who will occupy the reviewing stand at the park.

8. Laying of corner stone of Confederate monument at Capital park.

Called to order by Master of Ceremonies Rufus N. Rhodes, commander of Camp Clayton, Sons of Confederates.

Invocation by Rt. Rev. Bishop Ellison Capers of the diocese of South Carolina.

Music—Dirge, by Grambs' Military band.

Memorial oration by Gen. Stephen D. Lee of Mississippi.

Announcement of contents of corner stone: corner stone gotten ready by Architect Charles Wheelock and Contractor Joseph M. Meighan; corn, wine and oil poured by Miss Carrie L. Cobbs of Birmingham.

Corner stone set, with plumb square and level, and remarks made, by Gen John B. Gordon, commander-general of United Confederate Veterans.

Benediction by Rev. D. C. Kelley, D. D., of Tennessee.

Music—"Dixie," by Grambs' Military band.

EVENING—7:30 O'CLOCK.

5. Tableau of the states and concert at wigwam.

6. Reception of young ladies representing the states at Southern club.

Houston, Texas, will probably be the next place of meeting.

A full report will appear in the next issue.

## CAMP—JONES.

A COUPLE WELL KNOWN IN JACKSONVILLE MARRY IN ANNISTON.

Married by Rev. F. P. Culver, Mr. Eugene J. Camp and Miss Alice Jones.

The wedding occurred at 9 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cason on East Thirtieth street, Mrs. Cason being a niece of the bride, and was a quiet affair though pretty and elegant in all its appointments.

Mr. Walter L. Jones, a brother of the bride, was best man and Miss Jude Weaver, of Greensboro, Ga., bride's maid. The other attendants were Mr. T. J. Cason and Miss Mattie Cooper, Mr. Lee Field and Miss Sallie Camp, and Mr. Curtis McClurkin and Miss Lizzie Cooper. Rev. F. P. Culver said the sweet and solemn words which made the happy pair one for life in a very impressive and beautiful manner and everything passed off very smoothly and prettily. Only relatives and a few intimate friends witnessed the marriage. There were many presents received and all of them were valuable and appropriate.

Mr. Camp once lived in Jacksonville and has many relatives and warm friends here, who unite in wishing him joy and happiness with the woman of his choice.

Miss Jones is a sister of Mrs. W. M. Hames and Mrs. S. H. Lester, and lived in Jacksonville until a few years ago, when she removed with her brother to Anniston. Mr. Camp is to be congratulated on securing her for a life companion.

Mr. and Mrs. Camp passed up the East Tennessee Thursday morning, enroute to Dalton and Chattanooga, spending a few weeks at either place with relatives.

## LOOK HERE!

We are rather late telling you what we have this season. We have military almost at wholesale prices, having cut them to the lowest figure. Our white goods, laces, embroideries and dress goods are certainly a little cheaper than you will find them anywhere else. Come and be convinced. Don't forget to see our hosiery and silk under-vests. Neckties and baby caps at your own price. All will be cheap for cash. Respectfully, Mrs. Kate Jelks.

## NOTICE.

All persons are hereby warned against fishing or hunting on my land.

J. Dickinson.

Capt. Joseph F. Johnson will speak in the Court House, May 7th.

## THE PIEDMONT SHOE FACTORY

STARTED THIS WEEK AFTER A SUSPENSION OF THREE YEARS.

Shoes are now being made in Piedmont.

These words will be heard all over Alabama and the entire country this week when the Piedmont Shoe Factory begins work after a suspension of nearly three years.

For several months past, Messrs. Geo. D. Harris, J. H. Ledbetter, and T. P. Ledbetter and others have been trying to make the necessary arrangements to start the shoe factory, and it was not until a few days ago that the final arrangements were perfected.

Mr. A. G. Williams and wife, of Baltimore, arrived here last Tuesday, and are now stopping at the Albert House. Mr. Williams was superintendent of the factory three years ago, and will fill the same position this time.

Mr. Williams stated yesterday to an inquirer man that he had purchased a large consignment of leather, which he was looking for on every train, and as soon as this arrived, the electricity would once more be turned on and the two electric motors would again drive the numerous machinery as of old.

The starting of the shoe factory means giving employment to about fifty persons, which, with the cotton mill, Hebble's saw-mill, and the other industries in operation, will make Piedmont one of the liveliest little cities in Alabama.

Piedmont Inquirer.

Alabama Central Female College.

The Trustees of this school recognize the right of its patrons and friends to authentic information concerning its real status. The existence of vague, and misleading rumors does not diminish, but rather intensifies that right. The following exhibit, taken from our books of account and records, is therefore presented, for whatever it may be worth, as a plain and simply statement of facts and purposes.

1. President C. B. Gibson and Mrs. Gibson (both recently resigned) have received for their services board and lodging, washing and ironing, fuel and lights for themselves and two children, and board and lodging for a servant (nurse) and seven hundred and sixty-eight dollars and twenty cents (\$768.20) and they make no further claim.

2. Miss Fennell, who presided over the Preparatory Department up to April 4th inst., has given a receipt in full for all she claimed.

3. Mrs. Green who has today resigned the position of Matron, because of recent sickness, and by the advice of her physician, and who leaves her three nieces brought with her in September, to finish the session, has been paid in full up to date.

4. Mrs. Hawkins, who holds the position of Housekeeper through the session, is paid in full, to date.

5. Prof. Grass, who also continues, has been paid to date in strict accordance with the contract.

6. The present liabilities of the college aggregate seven hundred and ten dollars and sixty-three cents (\$710.63) and the present assets five hundred and fifty-five dollars and fifty-two cents (\$555.52).

Already the expenses of the college have been reduced by \$150 per month, and next month the total reduction will amount to \$175 to \$185 per month. So that by the end of the session, the prospect is that the total assets will be in excess of the total liabilities.

Tuskaloosa Gazette.

## NOTICE.

I will have my office open on the 7th day of May, at the Post Office, and continue open to the close of May the 26th, Sundays excepted, for the purpose of registering the names of the voters in Beat 2.

C. Martin, Registrar.

Alexandria, Ala.

Capt. Joseph F. Johnson will speak at the Court House, May 7th.

## TROUBLE IN FLORIDA

AGENTS OF THE AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION MOBBED.

Palatka, Fla., April 22.—The American Protective Association has been trying to get a foothold here for some time, and the attempt culminated in an affray this morning in which its agents were roughly handled.

George Dunford, a Canadian, has been here several months representing the A. P. A., and has made remarks about the Catholic church, against which the association is working which have aroused quite a prejudice against him. Last night an altercation occurred between H. C. Newbeck and Dunford, in which the latter was badly disfigured.

Marshall Nix, recently from North Carolina, espoused the A. P. A. cause, and is alleged to have made serious remarks against the morality of Catholic priests. This aroused the indignation of the Catholics and this morning George E. Mun-dee, C. J. Rogers and H. G. Newbeck sought Nix in his room and gave him a dreadful cowhiding. His screams were heard several blocks. A crowd collected, but no one cared to interfere. Nix was ordered to leave town, but stopped in Rowtown's store and was again cowhided.

Meantime a crowd of 100 men seized Dunford and hurried him to the outskirts of the city. What they intended to do with him, no one knows. Sheriff Hogan, who had heard of the trouble, sprang into a buggy and started after the crowd at a gallop. Single-handed he commanded the crowd to desist else he would use a shot gun. The Sheriff seized Dunford, put him in the buggy and drove him to the depot, where Dunford left for Jacksonville.

Nix was advised to leave Palatka, but refused and is now under the protection of the sheriff. It is rumored that he will be mobbed tonight. The Brooks house, where he is stopping, is guarded by the sheriff and police.

Nix denies having said what was imputed to him. He says he simply quoted from a book written by a priest who had renounced the Catholic faith. Nix will institute legal proceedings against his assailants tomorrow.

Sunday School Association of Beat 1.

On the first Sabbath of May, at 3 o'clock, p. m., at the Jacksonville Presbyterian church, there will be a meeting of the Sunday Schools of Beat 1. Hon. John D. Hammond, Dr. T. W. Ayers and Mr. Joseph Cartel are to address the meeting.

All who are interested in the study of the Bible are earnestly requested to attend.

Notice to Electors of Beat 5.

Notice is hereby given that I will be at the following named places on the days mentioned for the purpose of registering the electors of Beat No. 5, to wit: Polkville, Tuesday, May 8th, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.; Boiling Springs, Wednesday, May 9th, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.; Hagan's Mill, Thursday, May 10th, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.; Morrisville, Friday, May 11th, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. All voters who desire to participate in the state and national elections in 1894 are earnestly requested to meet me at some place and register as required by law. I will be at home all other days not mentioned above until 12 m. from May 7th to May 26th. Take due notice and govern your selves accordingly.

E. M. REID.

Apr. 23, 1894. Register Beat 5.

COTTON SEED.

I have put the Geo. W. Truitt cotton seed down to \$1.50 per bushel. This places them in everybody's reach and everybody should try a few bushels. They are going.

ALF. TRUITT.

Anniston, Ala.

Capt. Joseph F. Johnson will speak at the Court House, May 7th.

## IN THE TOWN

Items too Small For a Separate Head.

What the People of Jacksonville and Vicinity are doing Condensed into Crisp Paragraphs.

THE CHRONIC CANDIDATE.

He knows not what they built him for. But knows they cannot kill. For he was running in the war. And he's running still.

Tom Wilkerson is in town.

Church street is undergoing repairs.

Col. Charles Cooke was here Wednesday.

Rev. Geo. D. Harris, of Oxford, is in the city.

Maj. W. H. Dean is foreman of the grand jury.

Business has been lively in Jacksonville this week.

Mrs. A. E. Frank is visiting her son in Birmingham.

Mrs. Clara Walker is visiting relatives in Gadsden.

Crawford sells good mattresses for very little money.

Don't you need one of Crawford's bed-room suits?

I am selling furniture for almost nothing.—Frank Crawford.

Euclid Snow, of Anniston, is visiting relatives in the city.

Esquire D. L. Woolf, of Piedmont, was here Wednesday.

Mrs. C. B. Gibson is visiting her mother in Ruston, Louisiana.

Z. Henderson, of St. Clair county is visiting relatives in the city.

Judge Box and Solicitor Wilson are guests of the Stevenson House.

J. E. Downing, of Choccolocco, was a visitor to the office Wednesday.

State Senator J. L. Burnett, of Gadsden, is here attending circuit court.

John Yeatman, an ex-Calhoun county man now of Selma, is in the city.

Merchants Jno. Woolf and Tom Sharp, of Piedmont, were here Thursday.

John Forney, law student at the University of Alabama, is in Jacksonville.

Rev. F. M. Treadaway and wife attended the District Conference at Piedmont.

Capt. A. McCollister and son, Charles, visited relatives here during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard W. Sexton, of Anniston, visited Jacksonville Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Glass have returned from a visit to their parents in Alexander City.

Quite a large crowd of people from the country were attending circuit court here Monday.

Before buying furniture, come and inspect my stock and get my prices.—Frank Crawford.

Alf. Truitt, the enterprising, hustling hardware man of Anniston, was in Jacksonville Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Vansandt left Wednesday for a lengthy visit to relatives in the Lone Star State.

The officers of the Alumni Association are busy preparing a program for the meeting in June.

Messrs. Alex. Rowell, Mr. Pearson and other good Cleburne Democrats were in Jacksonville Tuesday.

The Jacksonville Detachment was drilled by Capt. Forney on the College campus Wednesday evening.

staunchest young business men in the county was here Wednesday.

Rev. R. T. Liston preached interesting sermons at the Presbyterian church, last Sunday morning and at night.—Piedmont Inquirer.

I have Mammoth Bronze Turkeys of the A. M. Lang breed. Eggs at \$2.25 for a setting of 10. Miss Ida Dickinson, Mack, Ala.

Editor Grant went over with the veterans to Birmingham Tuesday and this accounts for lack of editorial matter in the REPUBLICAN this week.

Major J. W. A. Wright of Talladega, delivered his interesting lecture on DeSoto, in the college chapel here last night, to a fair sized audience.

I will be at E. & W. Junction Saturday, May 12th and at Nighten's Mills, May 19th to register the voters of Beat S.—B. B. Glover, Registrar Beat S.

Thursday was observed throughout the South by the banks and postoffices as Memorial or Decoration Day. It was observed in no other way in Jacksonville.

Miss Evelyn King, one of the belles of the Southern University of Anniston, spent Sunday and Monday in Jacksonville, the guest of her friend, Miss Marie Burke.

The U. C. V. delegates from Jacksonville to the reunion at Birmingham all wore white silk badges with the names of their company and regiment inscribed thereon.

Col. Robert McKee, the veteran and brilliant journalist of Alabama, was in Jacksonville Monday. Col. McKee lived in Jacksonville prior to his removal to the charming town of Piedmont. He had hosts of warm friends here who are always glad to see him.

W. A. Driskill, D. Z. Goodlett, Green Skelton, John Patterson, Jason Scott, D. G. Jennings, H. L. Stevenson, Gen. Jno. H. Forney, C. P. Read and E. D. Meharg, left Jacksonville Tuesday to attend the great Confederate Reunion at Birmingham.

Mr. C. V. Bonds who lived five miles south of Jacksonville died the 26th ult. of ulcer of the stomach. He was thirty-seven years of age and unmarried. He was a moral, upright man, a good citizen, a true democrat, and an affectionate son and brother. When such a man dies the country sustains a great loss.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Boudurant, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Porter, Miss Pearl Porter, Misses Addie and Fannie Hammond, and T. M. Alexander went to Piedmont Sunday last to hear Bishop Duncan, who preached to a large congregation in the Methodist church at that place. The sermon was a masterpiece of a great mind and was thoroughly appreciated by the big congregation.

Circuit court met here Monday; Judge Box presiding. An attempt was made to induce the bar to ask Judge Box to adjourn the court from Tuesday noon to Friday noon, in order to allow lawyers and others a chance to attend the Birmingham reunion, but the bar was not unanimous and the subject was dropped. It was generally understood that if any attorney attended the reunion, no advantage would be taken of his absence.

The annual May picnic of the pupils of the State Normal School will come off next Tuesday at Sulphur Springs. A special train over the E. & W. will probably leave here for the picnic grounds at 8 o'clock in the morning, returning at 6 o'clock in the afternoon. Elaborate preparations are being made and the first picnic of the season will be a great success. All the patrons and friends of the school are invited.

The following persons have been guests of the Iron Queen Hotel during the week. The majority of them are well known and the place of residence is not attached: Jno. H. Cooke, J. J. Willett, Alf. Truitt, D. C. Blackwell, Judge Johnston, Jno. B. Knox, Jno.

Pelham, W. J. Brock, Charles Cooke, J. P. Allgood, C. D. McCollister, Sharp, Stewart, A. McCollister, T. C. Sensibough, E. W. Ledbetter, H. W. Sexton and wife, T. O. Shreve, J. H. Kimball.

Thursday, May 3rd, at 8 o'clock p. m. has been selected as the time for Miss Lina Garland Snow's piano recital at the Noble Street theater. She will be assisted by Miss Ruth Randall, and Mrs. J. C. H. King. The ladies of the United Charities are in charge and the proceeds will be for their benefit. Tickets on sale at Wickie's drug store and by the ladies.—Hot Blast.

A pleasant party of teachers and prospective teachers of Jacksonville went to Anniston Monday for the purpose of visiting the model schools of that city. The party stopped over at Weaver's on their way home and viewed the wonderful caves. The excursionists were Misses Savage, Riddle, Mary Forney, Annie Forney, Mary and Francella Haley, Stanley, Weir, Goar, Goodlett, Jessie Adams, Swan, Nisbet, Messrs. Wright, Hughes, Wilkerson, Stewart, and Weir.

A few of the delegates to the Anniston District Conference arrived on Thursday, and at night Rev. J. H. Leslie, of the Jacksonville circuit, preached the introductory sermon to a fair audience. His subject was the Law and the Gospel contrasted. The discourse was full of fine thoughts, forcibly expressed, and impressed upon the minds of the hearers the great necessity of the gospel of Christ, and the fact that without the atonement made upon the cross of calvary, there could have been no pardon and salvation for man. Mr. Leslie, though a young man, is a preacher of fine ability, and we predict for him great usefulness in his holy calling.—Piedmont Inquirer.

## FIRE AT IRON CITY.

There was a very destructive fire at Iron City yesterday morning about 2 o'clock. Two store houses and stocks of goods belonging to W. H. Davis, of that place, and Eba Seabrough, of Choccolocco, and a vacant residence were burned. The loss is between four and five thousand dollars. The origin of the fire is unknown.—Hot Blast, 27th.

## The Power of Gold.

He loved her. She loved him. They loved each other. But the father objected because the young man was almost a total stranger.

The time had come when the youth must ask the father for his daughter; and he feared to go to him.

He held a long conference with his beloved.

He told her he did not want to ask her father.

"George, dear," she asked in a tremulous whisper, "how much are you worth?"

"A million dollars, darling," he responded, proudly.

Her face shone in the twilight. "Then you don't have to ask him," she said with simple trust. "Let him know that, and he will ask you."

And George gave the old man a tip.—Detroit Free Press.

## REPUBLICAN JOB OFFICE

Is the place to get your work executed. Beautiful type faces, Gordon presses (2), and capable printers enable us to turn out splendid work. Letter heads, note heads, bill heads, programmes, blanks, invitations, and all classes of printing done in original and tasty designs. We work cheap. Give us a call or write for samples.

Jacksonville, Ala.



RATES OF ADVERTISING.  
Transient advertisements \$1 per square and one inch makes a square.  
Local notices 10 cents per line.  
Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.  
One Year, One Dollar.  
Six Months, Fifty Cents.  
Three Months, Twenty Cents.  
Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

Men should be as fair and truthful in politics as in business; but it is mighty hard to get them to view it in that light.

A card appeared in the Hot Blast of Saturday last, signed many citizens, suggesting the name of W. C. Scarborough, of White Plains, for representative.

Democratic papers which are now abusing either Johnston or Oates are doing more for Kolb than all the Populite papers in the State. Perhaps some of them really are Kolb organs in disguise. It looks that way.

Tillman bows to the decision of the South Carolina supreme court on the dispensary law. His state saloon board will probably sell the \$50,000 worth of liquors in the state "magazines," and go out of the trade.

The chairman of the county executive committee has called a meeting of his committee for Saturday, (28th) today. This will give about one week's notice to the people of the beats, through the weekly press, as to the basis of apportionments, etc. This is not enough.

Under the new election law the registering begins on the 7th of May and continues for eighteen days, excluding Sundays. If you do not register in that time you will disfranchise yourself. The certificate of registration will have to be presented when you vote.—Montgomery Advertiser.

One hundred and thirty-two thousand coal miners went on a strike last Saturday. This means a vast accession to the ranks of the unemployed and gives greater significance to the more of idle men upon Washington.

The editor of this paper has never said that the disposition of local issues depended in any measure upon which gubernatorial candidate should carry the county. He is entirely above any such narrow appeal to voters. He never was and never will be unfair in politics. He leaves such small politics to the gentlemen who have sent such a story to Anniston by the underground route from Jacksonville.

Mississippi takes one patent for every 20,460 of her population; Connecticut one for every 1,018 of hers; South Carolina one for every 1,055; North Carolina one for every 21,288; Rhode Island one for every 1,191; Georgia takes one for every 14,517; and New York one for every 1,635; Alabama takes one for every 18,447; Illinois one for every 1,944.

Elsewhere we print a letter from President Cleveland to Hon. Chauncey F. Black. It will be observed from the tone of the letter that Mr. Cleveland is still a good Democrat notwithstanding the fact that quite a number of little bullet-headed, crossroads politicians are disposed to dispute his title to the name. It will also be observed that he believes in redeeming every pledge of the party. This ought to be consoling to the Atlanta Constitution.

Some cheap politicians were busy circulating in Jacksonville Monday the Montgomery Journal, which contained an unfair attack on one of the Democratic candidates for Governor. In their zeal for their favorite they lose sight of the general interests of the party; but perhaps we should not expect better things of some of them. The interests of the Democratic party have never yet stood between them and any small political designs they may have had in hand. They cannot rise above the plane of narrow partisanship.

Europe is a tremble. The nations hold their breath. Wars of

success in the more recent interchange of dynamite amenities are all forgotten before the common, overwhelming danger. For the dread republic of Andorra, which lies upon the border of the great neighboring nations of Spain and France, has bought a gun, and the first time that gun is fired one of the two great neighboring nations will be hit. It is a Krupp gun, carrying twenty miles, and the territory of Andorra is but seven miles in extent. Hence the watchful eye of diplomacy closes not in sleep, and ceaseless prayers go up that the charge may be a blank one or that some intervening Pyenece may stop the shot and so avert an international disaster.—Fall Mall Gazette.

Any men or set of men who have not the patriotism and pride of party to rise above narrow local issues in the present contest are not deserving of the name of Democrats. The machinery of the party must not be left with men whose highest ambition is to use it for the advancement of community interests. We will need every democratic vote in Calhoun; and no Democrat should be coerced to vote for any man whose election he has reason to believe will result in injury to his material interests. A candid understanding as to the disposition of local issues will insure the success of the democratic party in the county. A failure to have such an understanding will leave distrust and apprehensions, a want of harmony and possible defeat. In such an emergency what is the plain duty of Democrats who prefer party success to any local advantage?

We think the Democratic party of the county, without regard to place of residence, will be equal to the height of its opportunity.

The Washington Post records this interesting incident of the funeral ceremonies in the United States Senate Chamber over the body of Senate Yavre:

"One of the most interesting incidents that marked the funeral ceremonies in the Senate yesterday was occasioned by the arrival of Sir Julian Pauncefote. The President, members of the Supreme Court and all other visitors entitled to the floor had taken their seats, and the short wait preceding the opening of the services had begun to grow irksome when the main door opened and Sir Julian, dressed in a close-fitting Prince Albert, entered. He took a few steps forward and then paused while the master of ceremonies announced in a distinct voice: 'The Ambassador of England to the United States.' The pause was only momentary. The President and every one present arose instantaneously in their seats!!! The English diplomat bowed with the easy grace of a man who is not embarrassed by the honors shown him, and with a firm step and erect though respectful bearing passed down the center aisle, past the President and the Cabinet, to the seat assigned him in the front line of chairs.

#### GREAT MEN ON THE BIBLE.

I must confess the majesty of the Scriptures strikes me with astonishment.—Rousseau

Pointing to his family Bible on the stand, during his last illness, Andrew Jackson said to a friend: "That book, sir, is the rock on which our republic rests."

It is a belief in the Bible which has served me as a guide of my moral and literary life.—Goethe  
As to Jesus of Nazareth, my opinion of whom you particularly desire, I think the system of morals and his religion, as He left them to us, are the best the world ever saw or is likely to see.—Benjamin Franklin.

The movement of Coxe's army on Washington is creating great uneasiness in that city. Twenty thousand unemployed men may be in Washington by May 1st. What will be done with them is the question that creates uneasiness. The movement is not regarded with so much apprehension as to the outcome of the present pilgrimage, as the promise it gives of future and more formidable expressions of public opinion, backed by physical force in the presence of Congress.

"I can plod," replied a young man who was asked about his ability to make a living. That man will succeed, for, however forbidding fortune may be at times, he who can add a steady force to what ever talent nature has given him will eventually come to the front.

#### GROVER CLEVELAND He is a Democrat from Principle, and Believes in Redeeming the Pledges of the Party

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The following letter from President Cleveland to Hon. Chauncey F. Black, president of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, is self-explanatory:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., April 18, 1894.—Hon. Chauncey F. Black, President.—My Dear Sir: I have carefully read the communication lately placed in my hands, setting forth the future purposes and present needs of the National Association of Democratic Clubs.

"The achievements of this organization should be familiar to all who are interested in the continuation of democratic supremacy and should enlist the encouragement of those who appreciate the importance of an effective dissemination of democratic doctrine.

"Your association has done much by way of educating our people touching the particular subjects which are recognized as belonging to the democratic faith; but it seems to me that its best service has been an enforcement and demonstration of the truth that our party is best organized and most powerful when it strives for principles instead of spoils, and that it quickly responds to the stimulus supplied by an installment in the people's cause.

"This acknowledgment of the important services rendered to the advancement of true democracy suggests that the National Association of Democratic Clubs and every other democratic agency should labor unceasingly and earnestly to save our party in this time of its power and responsibility, from the degradation and disgrace of a failure to redeem the pledges upon which our fellow country-entrusted us with the control of their government.

"All who are charged, on behalf of the democratic party, with the redemption of these pledges should not be impressively reminded that, as we won our way to victory under the banner of tariff reform, so our insistence upon that principle is the condition of our retention of the people's trust; and the fealty to party organization demands the subordination of individual advantages and wishes, and the putting aside of petty and ignoble jealousies and bickerings, when party existence is at stake.

"I cheerfully enclose a contribution to the funds necessary to carry on the good work of your organization, with a hearty wish for its continued success and usefulness.

Yours very truly,  
"GROVER CLEVELAND."

#### SILVER AND THE PLATFORM.

A LETTER FROM ONE WHO HAS CHANGED HIS MIND.

The public discussion among our people at this time and the dissatisfied so generally expressed at President Cleveland's vetoing the Bland coinage bill has suggested this article.

On account of President Cleveland's pronounced anti-silver position, in 1892. At that time and up to his recent veto message I was a very ardent advocate for free coinage of silver. As proof of this I drew the democratic platform of our county in 1892, containing the free silver plank. Until since the veto I also construed the Chicago platform to demand the free coinage of silver. But I see plainly now it is only on condition of its being kept on a parity or of equal intrinsic value with gold.

The platform says on the subject: "We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of this country; and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal or charge of mintage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times." The next sentence says: "We insist upon the policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmers and laboring classes, the first and most defenseless victims of unstable money, on a fluctuating currency."

Now from the platform we see there are three plain conditions or prerequisites, one of which must exist before any further coinage of

silver is demanded. First, gold and silver must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value. Or second, The value of gold and silver coin must be adjusted through international agreement. Or third, The parity of the two metals must be sustained by such legislation as may be necessary. Evidently this is the true intention of the platform as to silver, after the demand for the repeal of the Sherman law had been complied with.

It is being somewhat generally charged by the people that President Cleveland has violated the currency plank of the democratic platform by vetoing the Bland coinage bill. We will analyze the platform and see if he has violated or sustained it.

The platform demanded first the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. That has been accomplished. It demands next that if the intrinsic and exchangeable value of gold and silver are equal—or if the value of the two shall have been adjusted by international agreement—or if the parity of the two metals has been guaranteed by necessary legislation, then the coinage of silver, and gold without discrimination against either metal or charge for mintage. Did either of the three prerequisites as named above exist when Mr. Cleveland vetoed the bill? Certainly not. We all know that gold and silver are not intrinsically equal. We also know that the value of the two metals has not been adjusted by international agreement, and we know equally as well that there has not been a single act passed by congress since the adoption of the platform guaranteeing the parity of the metals.

Now the platform says at least one of these is necessary before any further silver legislation was necessary. The two houses of congress violated the plain demands of the platform when they passed the Bland bill before first obtaining one or more of the prerequisites of the silver coinage. Mr. Cleveland plainly obeyed the platform in letter and spirit when he vetoed the bill. The platform insists on the policy sustaining the parity of the two metals. Unless one or more of the prerequisites had existed the Bland bill would have tended directly to destroy that parity. Why? Simply because gold and silver are on a parity now from the fact only that the national treasury pays gold for silver (or its representative treasury notes) on demand and at the option of the holder. Should the treasurer of the United States refuse for one week to pay gold for treasury notes, silver certificates, etc., gold would go to a premium and the parity of the two would be destroyed at once. If I cannot exchange evenly a silver dollar for a gold dollar, there is no parity. If the national government will not do this for the citizen itself, we need not expect the citizen to exchange evenly with each other. Had Secretary Carlisle to pay gold for currency notes on demand, he and Mr. Cleveland would have violated not only the policy of law, but the emphatic demand of the Chicago platform which insists on the parity of the two metals being maintained. Therefore, since the government's promptness to pay gold for silver is the only law that can maintain the parity of the two metals, it follows that the treasury must be supplied with sufficient gold to meet every demand for that metal. The president informs us that there is a little over one hundred millions of gold in the treasury. To be more correct, as I copy from a table published in the Journal a few days since, it is in round numbers \$109,000,000. Now, (still using the Journals table), there are outstanding and in circulation which could at will be presented to the treasury tomorrow, if it was a physical possibility redemption and exchange for gold the following amounts:

Gold certificates, \$70,000,000; silver certificates, \$331,000,000; treasury notes, act of July 14, 1890, \$141,000,000; United States notes, \$293,000,000; currency certificates act of June 8, 1892, \$47,000,000. Add the silver coin in circulation, which amounts to \$114,000,000, and we have the enormous sum of \$996,000,000, to be kept on a parity with only \$109,000,000 of gold. The Bland bill would have added its \$65,000,000 to the enormous load our \$109,000,000 of gold is already carrying. Besides all this the interest and redemption of \$246,000,000 of bonds are chargeable to this gold. Under these circumstances is there any wonder that President Cleveland hesitated long and finally refused to sign the Bland bill? Is there any wonder that Carlisle had to issue bonds to obtain additional gold, or that the Chicago convention was wise and prudent enough to demand such prerequisites as they did before urging more silver currency? It seems to me, as Mr. Cleveland says, it would be wiser to make some additional safeguards to the gold reserve in the treasury, if we are going to continue to maintain the equality of every dollar at all times, etc.; as our platform, and the legal policy of our government guarantees.

No, Mr. Cleveland has violated no plank of the democratic platform, nor has he violated any oath or duty to the great masses of the laboring people of this great country. How sensible men with these facts before them can charge him with violating his party obligations and using his great office in the interest of the banks and money interest of the east, is more than I can understand. Would that the south had a solid delegation in both the house of representatives and the senate of the congress of just such prudent, wise, experienced, patriotic and determined men as Grover Cleveland.—[M. G. Smith in Atlanta Journal.

#### AN EXPLODED FALLACY.

Atlanta Journal.  
The Journal has frequently exposed the fallacy of the assertion that the price of farm values in this country has varied directly with the price of silver.

Today we publish an article from the New York Sun which is a complete and convincing exposure of this false assumption.

The relative prices of silver and farm products is traced over a long series of years, and the figures, taken from the records, show how utterly absurd is the statement that the price of farm products and stock is regulated by the price of silver.

We call special attention to what the author of this article says about cotton and silver because it has been drummed into the ears of the farmers in this section that the price of cotton has been beaten down legislation adverse to the free coinage of silver. The able writer whose article appears in full elsewhere in the Journal, says: "A careful examination of the facts surrounding the course of prices for cotton develops the fact that from 1864, when cotton was selling in New York for 80 cents in gold a pound, it fell steadily from this high war level until 1878, when the quantity produced first exceeded the ante-bellum maximum, and the price again reached the level of 1860; just as we learn from this examination that in 1873 the price of cotton had, from the highest point already fallen 64 cents a pound, or 79 per cent more than it has fallen since. Was this fall of 64 cents prior to 1873 due to other causes, while the fall since 1873 is due alone to the fall in the value of silver?"

He then proves that the price of cotton between 1879 and 1890 often moved in the direction opposite to that taken by silver and was affected only by supply and demand. Then he continues:

"The crop in 1889 was the greatest ever grown till that time, and aggregated nearly 7,300,000 bales but the crop of 1890 exceeded it by 1,200,000 bales, or 19 per cent; and this great crop was immediately followed by one of 9,000,000 bales, or 25 per cent in excess of the crop of 1889. The crops of 1890 and 1891 aggregated 17,700,000 bales, as against 14,200,000 bales from the harvests of 1888 and 1889; and after the harvesting of the two great crops the price fell more than 25 per cent.

Is this price fall of one-fourth due to a fall of 10 per cent in the price of an ounce of silver, or is it due to an increase of 24.5 per cent in the supply, while the requirements increased no more than 6 or 8 per cent at most? If a fall of ten per cent in the price of silver caused the price of cotton to decline more than 25 per cent then the subsequent fall of 30 per cent in the price of silver should have obliterated the last vestige of cotton values."

These extracts will give some idea of the force of the entire argument in reference to cotton. It is fully as conclusive in reference to wheat, corn and other crops, as it is also in reference to stock.

The article should be read and considered in its entirety. It is well

worth a careful perusal, and we believe it will convince any intelligent and unprejudiced reader.

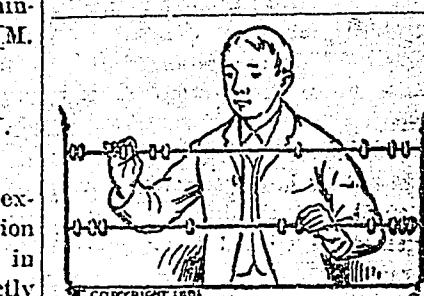
#### Your Heart's Blood

Is the most important part of your organism. Three-fourths of the complaints to which the system is subject are due to impurities in the blood. You can, therefore, realize how vital it is to

Keep it Pure  
For which purpose nothing can be more effective than

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Merit is the fulcrum on which the lever of journalism rests. In other professions promotion is a question of prestige, influence, experience or good fortune, rather than of actual working capacity or indomitable push. A newspaper man who is a success, who attains special eminence, is he who has competent ability and efficiency, and whose energies are alert and untiring.



Can be counted on to cure Catarrh—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's nothing new. For 25 years it has been doing that very thing. It gives prompt and complete relief—but you want more than that. And you get it, with this Remedy—there's a cure that is perfect and permanent. The worst chronic cases, no matter of how long standing, yield to its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties. "Cold in the Head" needs but a few applications. Catarrhal Headache, and all the troubles that come from Catarrh, are at once relieved and cured.

You can count on something else, too—\$500 in cash. You can count on it, but it's more than doubtful whether you earn it. The proprietors of Dr. Sage's Remedy, in good faith, offer that amount for an incurable case of Catarrh. Don't think that you have one, though. They'll pay you, if they can't cure you. That's certain. But they can cure you. That's just about as certain, too. Can you ask more?

MORTGAGE SALE.  
Whereas, Fannie A. and Pinkney M. Watson did on the 6th day of March 1889, execute and deliver to The British and American Mortgage Company Limited, a certain mortgage deed of lands therein described, in Calhoun county, State of Alabama, to secure the payment of the sum of \$1200 which said mortgage deed is recorded in the office of the Probate Judge of Calhoun county in said State, in Book D-3 on page 9, to which reference is hereby made; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the moneys secured by said mortgage, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, the undersigned, The British and American Mortgage Company Limited, on the first day of May, 1894, in front of the Court House in the town of Jacksonville, county of Calhoun, State of Alabama, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, situated in said Calhoun county, State of Alabama, viz: The NE 1/4 of Sec. 7, T. 13, R. 8; and the NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 27, also NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 28, all in T. 14, R. 8, east in the Conasa Land District, containing 280 acres more or less.

This sale will be made to satisfy the debt secured by said mortgage, and such title will be conveyed as is vested in the said parties to said mortgage. The British and American Mortgage Company Limited By E. H. DRYER, Attorney. mar34-3t

#### REGISTER'S SALE

Under and by virtue of a decree of sale rendered by the Chancery court for the Ninth District of the North-eastern Chancery Division of Alabama, in the cause of Emmett F. Crook vs. J. A. Edwards I will as Register in said court sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of Calhoun county, on Monday the 23rd day of April 1894 within the legal hours of sale, an undivided one half interest in the following town lots, to-wit: Numbered 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23, as shown on plat of Crook's addition to the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on file in the office of Probate Judge of said county said lots being a part of Sec. 11, T. 14, south R. 8, east in Calhoun county, Alabama. Said lots will be sold to satisfy said decree.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register. mar3-3t

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of administration on the estate of S. R. Ford, deceased having been granted to the undersigned by the Hon. Emmett F. Crook, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 17th day of November 1893, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or they will be barred. Administrator of the estate S. R. Ford, deceased feb10-3t

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of administration on the estate of Thos. H. Clements, deceased having been granted to the undersigned by the Hon. Emmett F. Crook, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1894, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or they will be barred. Administrator of the estate S. R. Ford, deceased feb10-3t

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of administration on the estate of Thos. H. Clements, deceased having been granted to the undersigned by the Hon. Emmett F. Crook, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1894, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or they will be barred. Administrator of the estate S. R. Ford, deceased feb10-3t

#### NOTICE OF EXECUTION ON SHARES OF STOCK

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, as executor of the last will and testament of Frank Jackson, deceased, do hereby execute and deliver to the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, in and to the said court, a certain mortgage deed of lands therein described, in Calhoun county, State of Alabama, to secure the payment of the sum of \$1200 which said mortgage deed is recorded in the office of the Probate Judge of Calhoun county in said State, in Book D-3 on page 9, to which reference is hereby made; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the moneys secured by said mortgage, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, the undersigned, The British and American Mortgage Company Limited, on the first day of May, 1894, in front of the Court House in the town of Jacksonville, county of Calhoun, State of Alabama, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, situated in said Calhoun county, State of Alabama, viz: The NE 1/4 of Sec. 7, T. 13, R. 8; and the NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 27, also NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 28, all in T. 14, R. 8, east in the Conasa Land District, containing 280 acres more or less.

#### SHERIFF OF Calhoun County

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of administration on the estate of Thos. H. Clements, deceased having been granted to the undersigned by the Hon. Emmett F. Crook, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1894, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or they will be barred. Administrator of the estate S. R. Ford, deceased feb10-3t

#### NOTICE NO. 14588

#### LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., MAR. 15, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make a final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 28th, 1894, viz: Thomas J. Plexico, homestead entry No. 21,259 for the NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 11, T. 13, south R. 8, east of R. 8, etc. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John M. Patterson, Henry Smith, William R. Kendall, of Jacksonville, Ala., and James H. Bingham, of Alabama. J. H. BINGHAM, Register. mar17-6t

#### Probate Court Notice

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, February 28th, 1894, this day comes Miss Mary Bice and files in Court her petition representing that Valentine Bice deceased was an inhabitant of said county and State, and died on February 28th, 1894, leaving a lawful widow, and duly published and attested, and prays that the same be probated and admitted to record as his last and true nuncupative will. It is therefore ordered that the 21st day of March 1894, and a day hereby appointed of the day of which said petition, and determine said petition, and for the probating of said nuncupative will; and notice is hereby given to all persons interested, and especially the following non-resident next of kin, to appear and show cause, to-wit: W. B. Gordon, Whitfield Co., Ga.; James Greathorn, Abilene, Texas; Robert Greathorn, Bowie, Texas; to appear in said Probate Court, on the 21st day of March 1894, and contest said petition if they think proper. EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate. mar3-3t

#### FINAL SETTLEMENT

#### THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court, March Term, 1894. Care this day taken by the court of the estate of D. Bradley and Mrs. Bradley, deceased, and the said Special Term, do hereby execute and deliver to the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, in and to the said court, a certain mortgage deed of lands therein described, in Calhoun county, State of Alabama, to secure the payment of the sum of \$1200 which said mortgage deed is recorded in the office of the Probate Judge of Calhoun county in said State, in Book D-3 on page 9, to which reference is hereby made; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the moneys secured by said mortgage, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, the undersigned, The British and American Mortgage Company Limited, on the first day of May, 1894, in front of the Court House in the town of Jacksonville, county of Calhoun, State of Alabama, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, situated in said Calhoun county, State of Alabama, viz: The NE 1/4 of Sec. 7, T. 13, R. 8; and the NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 27, also NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 28, all in T. 14, R. 8, east in the Conasa Land District, containing 280 acres more or less.

#### ATTACHMENT NOTICE

Emmett F. Crook, John W. Henderson.

In Circuit Court Calhoun county, Alabama, Spring Term 1894.

Whereas, an attachment issued out of the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on March 6th 1894, against the above named defendant, who it appears is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and resides at Houston Texas, has been by the sheriff of Calhoun county, executed by levying the same upon the following described real estate to-wit: A lot of land in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, described as follows, beginning at the north east corner of College and Gale streets, and extending west seventy feet; thence south of even width to Dyer street, as the property of said defendant. This is therefore to notify the said defendant of the issuance and execution of said attachment, and that the same will stand for trial at the next term of the Circuit Court of said county, at the place of holding the same. Given under my hand this March 10th 1894. JNO. P. WEAVER, Clerk. mar10-3t

#### Sheriff Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution in my hands from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, in favor of the Cook Carriage Company against J. G. Hudson, I will proceed to sell on Monday March 20th 1894, in front of the court house, door in the city of Jacksonville-Alabama, during the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property to-wit: The undivided one-third interest in the NW 1/4 of SW 1/4, Sec. 17, less 10 acres in north-east corner, and NW 1/4 of SW 1/4, and NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, Sec. 18, T. 16, R. 8, also lots 78 and 79, block 35, and lots 2 and block 7, in Oxford Ala., Lot 1 block 1, lot 2 block 1, and lot 3 block 1, lot 1 block 2, all of said land being in Division 1, Oxnarda, Alabama. All of the property being in Calhoun county. ALB. ED. G. CALDWELL, Sheriff. feb24-4t







